Volume 8 Number 2189

AMMAN, TUESDAY FEBRUARY 15, 1983 — JUMADA AL AWWAL 3, 1403

Price: Jurdan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

W.German minister arrives today

AMMAN (J.T.) - West German Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Jurgen Moellemann arrives in Amman Tuesday from Beirut on a two-day visit to Jordan. Mr. Moe-Hemann, who is also the president of the German-Arab Society, will have talks with senior Jordanian officials on Jordanian-German bilateral relations and issues of mutual concern, including the European Economic Community's (EEC) position on the Middle East, and current efforts for peace in the Middle East.

Bomb blast damages former Iraqi Airways office in Bangkok

BANGKOK | R) — A bomb blast ripped through a former office of Iraqi Airlines Monday, police said. They said no one was hurt in the early morning blast which wrecked the front door, sales area and other parts of the office. The airline recently moved to a new building about two kilometres away. Police said it was not known who had planted the bomb. In December, a bomb destroyed the office of the former honorary Iraqi consul in Bangkok, killing a police bomb expert trying to defuse it.

Israelis arrest 5 in S.Lebanon

SIDON. Lebanon (R) - Israeli forces surrounded a South Lebanese town Monday and paraded villagers in front of a masked man before making five arrests, residents said. The arrests followed an explosion Sunday near an Israeli ttoop bus in the area, south of the Mediterranean port of Tyre, in which an Israeli soldier and a civured, a military spo kesman in Tel Aviv said.

Curfew imposed on Kalandia camp

OUCLIPIED JERUSALEM IN - A curfew was imposed on Kalaudia refugee camp north of here after Palestinian youths stoned Israeli vehicles and slightly injnred an army officer, a military spokesman said Monday. Youths also stoneo-Israeli vehicles in the occupied West Bank town of Ramallah in an apparent display ol support for the Palestinian National Council, which opens its meetings in Algiers, the spokesman said.

Japan urges Israel to withdraw from occupied territories

"JEDDAH (R) --- Japan has called on Israel to remove its forces from Lebanon immediately and return all occupied Arab land, Japanese Fureign Minister Shintaro Abe was quoted Monday as saying. The Saudi newspaper Arab World quoted him as saying in an interview in Tokyo that Japan had urged Israeli recognition of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) as sole representative of the Palestinian people. He said peace in the Middle East would be meaningless unless the PLO took part directly in establishing a sovcreign state in the West Bank and Gaza. Japan stood by commitments to PLO leader Yasser Arafat made when he visited Tokyo two years ago, he added.

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Formula One racing car designs revolutionised, page 6 OPEC mounts rearguard defence for oil prices, page 7 Election violence continues in last month. The feeling among NATO off-Assam, page 8

opens Algiers meeting ALGIERS (R) — The Palestinian parliament-in-exile Monday started a 10-day session in Algiers that will decide how the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) reacts to various Middle East peace proposals.

It is expected to endorse an Arab peace plan that would indirectly recognise Israel in exchange for the creation of an independent Palestinian state in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, Pal-

estinian sources said. The parliament, or Palestine National Council (PNC), is the Palestinian movement's top decision-making body.

Palestinian leaders were still working out a common position, on key issues Monday. One PLO leader said Sunday

night they would reject the peace proposal made by President Reagan last September. The American plan calls for a

Palestinian homeland, in association with Jordan, in the West Bank and Gaza, which were occ-upied by Israel in 1967.

Salah Khalaf, regarded as the PLO's number two leader after Executive Committee Chairman Yasser Arafat, said Mr. Reagan's

proposals were unacceptable beeause they ignored Palestinian aspirations to statehood.

A PLO spokesman said the leaders would also make clear their position on a Soviet call for an international peace conference and a joint French-Egyptian initiative seeking mutual recognition of the Palestinians and Israelis.

The PNC is generally expected to endorse the moderate diplomatic line followed by Mr. Arafat since the Palestinian fighters' withdrawal from Israeli-besieged Beirut last September.

Palestinian sources said the PNC would encourage Mr. Arafat to continue talks with Jordan on possible links between the kingdom and a future Palestinian state. But leaders of various trends in

the PLO said Sunday night that any confederation should be established only if the PLO had already been able to set up its own

The PNC is also expected to give cautious approval to PLO contacts with Egypt and to Mr. Arafat's own dialogue with Israeli pacifists who recognise the Palestinian's right to statehood, the Palestinian sources said.

PFLP rejection

Meanwhile a leader of the hardline Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine |PFLP| categorically rejected President Reagan's Middle East peace plan.

"The Reagan proposals deny our people's right to selfdetermination and its own state." PFLP poliocal bureau member Bassam Abu Sharif said.

He told a press conference in Algiers that his movement rejected all plans that fell short of recommending the creation of a Palestinian state.

Asked about the Arab League peace plan that indirectly recognises Israel in return for the establishment of such an independent state, he said the PFLP had reservations about it.

However, Palestinian sources said hardline and moderate Palestinians had reached an agreement in Algiers under which next week's session of the PNC will endorse the Arab plan.

Mr. Arens, a 57-year-old for-

mer aeronautics professor who

Arens accepts to succeed Sharon

TEL AVIV (R) - Moshe Arens, Israel's ambassador to Washington, has agreed to succeed Ariel Sharon as defence minister. the prime minister's office announced Monday.

The appointment must first be ratified by the cabinet and the

Mr. Arens, 57, an aeronautics expert, has expressed hardline views similar to those of Mr. Sbaton on Israeli control of Arab ter-

following a commission of mq-

BAGHDAD (R) - French For-

eign Minister Claude Cheysson

renewed an appeal for a neg-

otiated end to the Iraq-Iran Gulf

war here Monday, saying that the

continued fighting carried the risk

of much bloodshed and sup-

Mr. Cheysson spoke at a news

conference at the end of a visit to

Baghdad where he met President

Saddam Hussein. France is a

major supplier of arms to Iraq and

French firms are undertaking sev-

But Mr. Cheysson would not be

drawn on details of a credit pac-

kage that Iraq is seeking to enable it to continue obtaining French

He clearly had been moved by

seeing Baghdad Television new-

sreel film lingering over mounds

of corpses on the Gulf war bat-

tlefield, following the start of a

new Iranian offensive on Sunday.

appeal from this table for peace,"

"You have seen the horrors. I

He noted both superpowers had

reserved their position on the

29-month-old war, saying "I

thank God for that" and calling

for it to be resolved without sup-

Arms sales to Iraq

Mr. Cheysson defended French

arms sales to Iraq on the grounds Party.

erpower arbitration.

erpower intervention.

eral key contracts.

assistance.

ritories and the war in Lebanon. Monday's announcement was made as Mr. Sharon prepared to leave the post of defence minister

step down for his indirect role in the Beirut massacre of Palestinians in refugee camps. Mr. Sharon remains in the cabinet as minister without portfolio.

uiry's recommendation that he

The inquiry recommended that Mr. Sbaron leave his post. After igned last Friday.

Mr. Sharon was defence minister for 18 months, during which he spearheaded Jewish settlement in occupied Arab land and launched the seven-month Lebanon war, aimed at destroying the Palestine Liberation Organisation as a fighting force.

It was also undesirable that any

for long-term weapons contracts.

aging its war-battered economy

and had great potential. It now

sought credit for future and cur-

rent projects.

was sent to Washington a year ago, shares Mr. Sharon's rightwing views and is expected to consinue his uncompromising pol-Politicians speculated that after

the U.S. during one of the stormiest periods in the two countries' relationship, Mr. Arens would be more sensitive to Washington's interests.

Prime Minister Begin will hold the defence portfolio until Mr.

(Continued on page 3)

Cheysson renews appeal Tehran for end to Iran-Irag war concedes difficulties that Iraq, whose army entered Iran at the start of the war, is now defending its own borders as fixed in latest in a 1975 agreement with Iran.

conntry should wholly depend on the United States or Soviet Union offensive Mr. Cheysson said Iraq had LONDON (R) - Iran Monday. made brave decisions on manacknowledged that its forces were making only slow progress in their latest Gulf war offensive but war-

ned of new large-scale military

drives on a wide front against Iraq. He refused to give any details Parliamentary Speaker Hojatoleslam Hashemi Rafsanjani about his talks on a credit package, which press reports bave was quoted by Tebran Radio as said could be worth up to \$4 bilsaying the slow pace of the operation launched last week on the lion and involve the barter of oil southern front reflected Iranian military "tactics" rather than fie-Newspaper reports were "a rce resistance by the Iraqis.

mixture of accuracies and ina-"The (Iraqis) do not know what ccuracies," he added. we are intending to do." he said. Later Monday Mr. Cheysson, Hojatoleslam Rafsanjani, who who came to Baghdad from Jordan, went to Damascus and had represents Ayatollah Ruhollah talks with Syrian Foreign Minister Khomeini on the supreme defence council, reaffirmed Iran's det-Abdul Halim Khaddam. Syria supports Iran in the Gulf ermination to continue the latest

war and has shut down a vital pipoffensive. "In this attack, we will not coneline carrying Iraq oil exports acrcentrate our forces on one point," oss Syrian territory to the Medhe said. Iraqi officials said Mr. Cheysson

The Iranian army was ready to was milikely to try to mediate open up new fronts in the 29month-old Gulf war, and the new ruled by rival wings of the Baath phase of fighting would go on until the war was over, he added.

Palestinian parliament Freij urges PNC to take urgent action

BETHLEHEM, Occupied West Bank (R) - The mayor of Bethlehem, Elias Freij, said Monday he believed the Palestinians had only two months left to prevent the Israeli takeover of the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip becoming an accomplished fact. Interviewed by Reuters on the eve of the Palestine National Council (PNC) meeting in Algiers, he appealed to PNC del-egates for decisions paving the way for new Arab-Israeli negotiations on the future of the occupied territories.

"Israeli bulldozers are roaming the width and length of the West Bank, levelling hills for Jewisb settlements," he said. "More tban balf our land has already been expropriated and we are nearing an irreversible situation.

The mayor, a leading Palestinian moderate, was bitterly critical of the U.S. administration of President Reagan.

"Reagan speaks and Israeli bulldozers speak. Which is the more effective? he asked.

"Politicians in Washington make clumsy speeches, but American money belps the Israelis to

(Continued on page 3)

Peres assails Begin

TEL AVIV (R) - Israeli opposition leader Shimon Peres criticised Prime Minister Menachem Begin Monday during a parliamentary debate on the proposal to transfer the defence ministry portfolio from Ariel Sharon to Mr.

igned his post Sunday after being blamed by a state inquiry for indirect responsibility for the massacre of Palestinians in Beirut last

(Continued on page 3)

UAE: Europe should take more active Mideast role

ABU DHABI (R) - The United Arab Emirates [UAE] called on European countries Monday to adopt a more definitive and sup-portive role of Middle East peace

The call was made by UAE Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Rashid Abdullah during talks

(Centinued on page 3)

militia Cairo negotiates for latest F-16s moves into Sidon

CAIRO (R) - The commander of the Egyptian air force said in a newspaper interview Monday that Egypt was negotiating with the United States to obtain an advanced version of the F-16 jet fighter bomber. Mohammad Abdul Hamid

Helmi told the semi-official Al Ahram newspaper that the air force was thinking of selling its F-4 jet fleet to other countries to pay for the new planes.

Reports from Ankara last month said Egypt was negotiating with Turkey for the sale of 35 F-4s. "Selling the planes to Turkey or any other country serves our plans to renovate the airforce. If the deal is concluded the funds will be used to purchase the advanced version of the F-16s," Mr.

'Moscow may opt for compromise in Geneva talks' But NATO considers it is up to ition with its zero-zero proposal

ards a compromise solution.

cut its medium-range missiles in Europe to 162, the number held by Paris and London. This has been rejected as una-

French and British nuclear forces

tabled at Geneva. If this does not suit the Soviets, it's up to them to come up with a serious counterproposal," a diplomat said.

cow still hoped Western antinuclear movements would impede deployment of the Pershing-2 and cruise without it having to scrap its was not expected to shift its position until after next month's West German elections.

His Majesty King Hussein Monday confers with Pakistani Foreign Minister Sahabzadah YaqubKhan, who is on an official four-day visit to Jardan

Saudi Arabia gives \$28.5m to PLO

BAHRAIN IRI — Saudi Arabia has donated \$28.5 million to

help the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), the Saudi

Press Agency said Monday. The grant was made under a 1978

Arab summit resolution which asked oil producing Arab states to

pay \$300 million annually to the PLO. A cheque for the amount

was handed to Mr. Rafiq Natsha, representative of Fateh, the

biggest PLO group, in Jeddah. The agency said Mr. Natsha pra-

ised the kingdom's continuing support to the Palestinian rev-

folution and also urged other Arah countries to fulfil their financial

Pobligations. Saudi Arabia made a similar donation to the PLO last

King, Yaqub-Khan discuss Mideast

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein and the visiting foreign minister of Pakistan, Sahabzadah Yaqub-Khan, Monday beld discussions on the situation in the Middle East and the latest developments in the Palestinian issue on Arab and international levels, the Jordanian News Age-

ncy, Petra. said. The King also reviewed with Mr. Yaqub-Khan, who arrived earlier in the day on an official four-day visit, the aftermath of the Israeli invasion of Lebanon last June and the Gulf war, Petra said.

Also discussed during the audience was bilateral relations between Jordan and Pakistan and ways to strengthen them, the news agency said.

The meeting was attended by

Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem and the Pakistani ambassador in Amman.

In a statement to newsmen. Mr. Yaqub-Khan praised the strong relations between the two countries, and said Jordan, under the leadership of King Hussein, is always working for Arab causes. "My visit to Jordan comes at a

time when the Middle East issue is becoming of increasing concern to the entire world, particularly in recent months following the events in Lebanon and international efforts being made to establish various issues of joint interest to comprehensive and just peace in the region," he said.

Mr. Yaqub-Khan added that developments in the Middle East are important for Pakistan because it considers itself part of the iting minister.

Islamic World and is linked with historic and cultural ties with Isl-. amic countries."

The Pakistani government is anxious to see a just peace in the Area ensuring the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people, he

The Arah peace plan adopted by last September's Arab summit can provide a basis for a comprehensive and just solution to the Middle East issue, he added.

Mr. Yaqub-Khan said he will discuss with Jordanian officials be discussed in the forthcoming non-aligned summit in New Delhi.

His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan was hosting a banquet Monday night in honour of the vis-

Progress hinted as Khalde talks resume

the negotiators had produced any

breakthrough on the main dis-

KHALDE, Lehanon (R) - Lebanese. Israeli and U.S. negotiators met near Beirut Monday amid hints that the slow-moving talks on an Israeli withdrawal from Lebanon have started to make

Both Lebanese and Israeli sources said the teams had begun work on the tentative draft of an eventual agreement. Israeli sources said sub-

committees on ending the state of war between Israel and Lebanon and on the withdrawal of forces were both drafting texts on points where the two sides were broadly in agreement.

Lebanese sources would only say that the comminee on ending the state of war had started drafting.
There was no information that

SIDON. Lebanon (R) - The

Israeli-backed militia of renegade

Lebanese army Maj. Saad Had-

dad Monday moved into Sidon,

southern Lebanon, with tanks and

armoured personnel carriers, say-

ing it was setting up a garrison.

Maj. Haddad told a press con-

ference he was establishing the

garrison because he wanted to

help the Lehanese government

spread its authority over the whole

of Lebanon and avoid the cou-

The move into Sidon, the lar-

gest town in South Lebanon, came

after hints that Israel is ready to

make its own security arr-

angements in the south if it cannot

reach a suitable agreement with

Last week, the then Israeli dcf-

ence minister. Ariel Sharon, told

Lebanese Christian leaders that

Israel might impose its own set-

tlement on the south if there was

no progress soon in the Israeli-

Maj. Haddad's militia of a few

hundred men is entirely dep-

endent on Israel for weapons and

After Israel's invasion of Leb-

anon in 1978. Maj. Haddad's men

controlled a strip of land along the

Israeli border in which Israeli for-

ces operated freely. Since Israel's

bigger invasion last year, the Had-

dad militia has spread up to the

Awali River, just north of Sidon.

Lebanese negotiations.

the Lebanese government.

ntry's partition.

putes that have dogged the talks. These are chiefly Israel's demands -- rejected by the Lebanese--that it maintain a lim-

ited military presence in South Lebanon and that there should be "normal" relations between the two countries. Lehanese Foreign Minister Elie Salem said last week that the United States had brought new pro-

posals which would result in real progress if they were accepted. He gave no details, adding only that Israel had backed down on

certain legal points. He gave a generally optimistic picture of the progress in the talks, the first time a Lebanese official

has done so in public since they began at the end of December.

much greater than some people thought and an agreement could be reached in a month or two or even less. The hints of movement came

Mr. Salem said progress was

after U.S. special envoy Philip Habih returned to the Middle East and held several days of talks in Israel and Lehanon. The special envoy, who suc-

cessfully negotiated the withdrawal of Palestinian fighters from Beirut last summer, held separate meetings Monday morning with Mr. Salem and Pierre Gemayel, leader of the Falangist Party and father of Lebanese President Amin Gemayel.

The Falangists are the dominant rightist political and military force in Lebanon and have been closely linked with Israel.

Kyprianoù-Communist Haddad alliance wins elections

with decisive help from Communist votes Monday but he immediately pledged not to turn Cyprus into a Communist state.

"I have no intention of bringing communism to Cyprus." the centre-right leader told Reuters after sweeping to victory in alliance with the Akel Communist Party. "There will be no social transformation of domestic pol-

Mr. Kyprianou said he would not bring Akel members into his new government. During the election, the hardest fought in 23

NICOSIA (R) - President Spy- years of independence, opponents ros Kyprianou won re-election charged that the Kyprianou-Akel alliance would shift Cyprus into a Communist orbit.

> of the Greek-Cypriot vote. crushing the conservative Glafcos Clerides and the Socialist leader Vassos Lyssarides. Turkish Cypriots in the north of the island, where Turkey's army

Mr. Kyprianou won 57 per cent

has been in occupation since the invasion of 1974, played no part in the election. Aides of Mr. Kyprianou said a

major objective now would be to inject new life into the longrunning intercommunal talks

Irish police unveil first leads in racehorse kidnap

DUBLIN (R) — Irish police have might be found alive. uncovered their first leads in the theft of champion racehorse Shergar and Monday issued descriptions of three suspects wanted

in the case. Police described one of the wanted men as "a jockey type" and said another might possibly have been disguised as a policeman when Shergar was stolen by an

armed gang last week.
Chief Superintendent James Murphy, the officer heading the search for the dual winner of the 1981 English and Irish Derby Claas hopes were fading that Shergar substantial reward.

He refused to divulge where they obtained their lead. But he said the three suspects were believed to be in their 20s and one was thought to have a Northern Ireland accent.

The gang held Shergar's groom for several hours when they snatched the prize stallion, syndicated for £10 million (\$15 million). from the Agha Khan's stud near Dublin.

Irish bloodstock officials have discounted press reports that secret negotiations were under way ssics, released the descriptions just for the safe release of Shergar for a

ired by U.S. Assistant Secretary of BRUSSELS (R) — A senior Eurthe Soviet Union, which has rejopean diplomat said Monday he State-designate for European Affairs Richard Burt was that thought the Soviet Union might be ected the zero option as oneconsidering a compromise in the sided, to make the first move tow-Moscow has not laid down all its Geneva talks on medium-range cards at the negotiating table. The latest Soviet proposal is to nuclear missiles. "I don't exclude that the Kre-But NATO officials said Mos-

He made the comment as NATO's special consultative group on arms control met to assess progress at the U.S.-Soviet arms control talks which resumed

icials before the meeting cha- is out of reach, diplomats said.

mlin is pondering on a compromise," the diplomat said. On the Western side, there is now a consensus to accept a compromise solution if the ideal goal of a total ban on medium-range

missiles, the so-called zero option,

between Baghdad and Damascus.

are independent deterrents. "NATO has a strong moral pos-

cceptable by the West because the existing missiles, and the Kremlin

FEATURES

Baghdad still glamorous despite war

BAGHDAD - Although harrowed by nearly two and a half years of war with Iran, the Iraqi capital of Baghdad continues a struggle to show the world the face of one of the great cosmopolitan cities of the Arab Middle East.

Under glittering chandeliers in the restaurant of a state-owned luxury botel on the bank of the river Tigris, a trio of young women from Poland, stunningly pretty in severe, black concert dresses, play. Viennese waltzes.

For visitors whose minds turn to music, the English-language Bag-hdad Observer says in its diary that the Iraqi National Symphony Orchestra is offering Mozart this

closed as a wartime precaution. the archaeological museum has

The treasures there are a reminder that ancient Mesopotamia, sonthern Iraq, cradled the first known civilisation and, inevitably, witnessed the earliest known wars between organised societies. Marches and patriotic songs on

communiques on the current war with Iran being fought far away on the sontheast frontier. The newspaper photographs, showing a flat, desert landscape. barbed-wire entanglements and the rows of dead, their blood sta-

Baghdad Radio introduce military

ining the sand, do something to hring the war home. But the Iranian air force no longer makes regular bombing raids.

There was no hlackout early this

have launched a major new battlefield offensive.

Newspapers stressed ernational calls for peace. The population of over three

million is highly diverse. Sunni and Shi ite Muslims.

Arabs and Kurds, mingle in the streets of the city founded 12 centuries ago as an Arab frontier garrison town which, under such Ahbasid caliphs as Haroun Al Rashid, commanded an empire that extended as far as Spain. Most families have at least one

man at the front or serving on other war duties in the Volunteer Popular Army. "You have priority among Iraqi families for you have offered your sons as sac-rifices to defend Iraq's sov-ereignty," a member of the regional command of the ruling Arah

It also notes that, after being month as Iran was reported to Baath Socialist Party promised the bereaved.

> A monument to Iraqi war dead - a huge blue sphere divided down the centre — has been built in the east of the city at a cost put by the government at about \$120 million.

The cost, of \$1 hillion, may compel wartime Baghdad to she-lve a plan for an underground rai-

But a gleaming new int-emational airport that cost about \$900 million has just opened on schedule. And most West European airlines are now operating regularly to Baghdad, although restricted to night operations for security reasons.

By day, the scream of Iraqi jets taking off to raid Iranian supply dumps and troop concentrations echoes across the city.

A development programme that Western diplomats describe as dramatic has raced ahead despite the war, although nonessential new projects are now being postponed.

Armies of South Korean workers toil on lofty new apartment blocks and a new bridge across the Tigris. An island resort complex specially for newly-weds has been developed. New four-lane highways snake in from the suburbs.

It is as well to drive carefully, however, since residents say that even quite minor repairs can cost 200 dinars (\$600) - almost half the monthly pay of, for instance, an accountant in a modest-sized

The government has made strenuous efforts to keep up the flow of morale-boosting consumer

Miss Monroe's image 'hotter than ever'

By Lin Harris

NEW YORK — Twenty years after her death, Marilyn Monroe's shapely image is hotter than ever and that's just the way some people like it, including her heirs -- a children's therapy clinic in Lon-

Miss Monroe's name, shape and image are now licensed properties, handled by an agent for her estate and available to merchandisers willing to pay a royalty.

The results, either in the works or already available, are a 1950s Marilyn Monroe fashion bouti-

yn Monroe cosmetics, Marilyn Monroe T-shirts and dresses. Marilyn Monroe perfume and a Marilyn Monroe "character jug."

The hontique opened last

que, Marilyn Monroe dolls, Mari-

month at Bloomingdale's Department Store in New York and it is packing customers in by featuring the clothes which "M.M." made famous as America's reigning screen goddess: Black Capri pants, hat-wing sleeves, full-circle skirts and

No longer can any instant nemorahilia merchant plaster a' Monroe likeness on some semilewd vulgarity, said Los Angeles layer Roger Richman, the agent for her heirs. If they do, he added, they risk being sued.

waist-clincher belts.

Mr. Richman acquired the Marilyn Monroe account last year. He said the 20th anniversary of her death oo Aug. 5, 1962 had brought increased public interest which translated into both commercial promise and unauthorised exploitation.

According to Kalman Ruttenstein, the store's fashion director, the clothing harks back to Miss Monroe by "being closer to the body; tongue-in-cheek sexy

and curvaceous". Mr. Richman defended the merchandising scheme, noting that during her life Marilyn had allowed her image to be used to sell products ranging from Idaho

potatoes to lustre creme shampoo. "We are simply continuing what she had been doing and earmarking the profits for causes she supported," he said.

Mr. Ruttenstein said one man wanted to sell his store threedimensional casts of Miss: Montoe's famous nude calendar pose in solid chocolate, but was turned down because the item was in bad

"No one can accuse us of stepping beyond bounds," he said.

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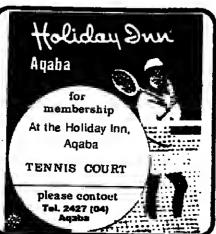




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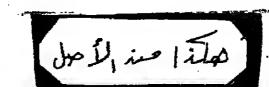
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Youth symposium to be held in Jordan at end of March

AMMAN (J.T.) - Al Ra'i newspaper has learned that His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan will patronise the youth symposium to be organised by the lordanian Human Forum m the last week of next month.

President of the forum Muhviidin Tawq said that participants m the symposium will discuss several working papers, including the relationship between social changes and youth, national mobilisation, voluntary work, student societies, and incentives to prompt young people to participate in varions types of activities.

Dr. Tawq said that the concept of the forum is international in nature and stemmed from the Rome Club which is considered one of the most important mtellectual arenas in the world deaing with human issues. The idea is to create a forum for youngsters to discuss issues with an int-

emational and youth based bias. Dr. Tawq explained that the forum beld several meetings in Europe and Latin America. An international forum for youth was established, and it began to spread across the parts of the world. It has a coordination bureau in Geneva.

At the request of Prince Hassan, a Jordanian youth, Samir Al Majali, attended one of these forums. The idea appealed to Prince Hassan, and a invitation was extended to hold a meeting in Jordan on December 1981 when an agreement was reached to form the Jordanian human forum.

In the second meeting held in Jordan in February 1982, a constituent assembly of the forum was formed consisting of 30 members. A temporary management board was also elected. The board then drafted the statute of the forum. On Aug. 15, 1982 the Jordanian human forum was officially registered at the Youth Welfare Corporation (YWC).

Dr. Tawq briefly described the forum as an intellectual and cultural association dealing with youth issues and studies. We hope that the forum will hold a series of symposia to study every type of youth related issue. It will conduct an intensive comprehensive study

Arens' appointment is confirmed

Mr. Arens said Monday he ent-

erview from Washington: "I'm in

full agreement with all gov-

ernment policies, otherwise I

would not agree to hold dowo my

"My views on Israel's needs,

politically and militarily, have not

changed as a result of my work in

He said be immediately acc-

epted Prime Minister Begin's

offer last week to become defence

minister, adding that the con-tinued presence in the cabinet of

Mr. Sharon did not worry him.

Mr. Arens, appointed as amb-

assador in Washington only a

year ago, is a right-winger who at one stage refused an offer to bec-

ome defence minister because be

opposed the handback of Smai to

Egypt under the Camp David tre-

Mr. Arens is expected to return

Born in Litbuania, the

home in a few days and to take up

his new post as soon as he is con-

American-educated professor has

helped design Israeli aircraft and

is a specialist on propulsion and

firmed by the Knesset.

aty with Egypt.

in parliament.

Washington.

job as ambassador.

on Jordanian youth to determine their problems and ambitions, values and aspirations.

The forum will participate in the celebrations of the international youth year in 1985 representing Jordanian youth. It will also act as a link between Jordanian and Arab youth on the one hand and

world youth on the other, be said. Speaking about the activities of the forum and its preparations for the celebrations marking the intemational youth year, Dr. Tawq said that the forum bas already begun its preparations. The first effort to be made here is to convene a symposium on the international youth year in cooperation with the University of Jordan alumni club.

The forum has also formed a research committee and the committee will act as the main reference source on Jordanian youth, be said. Dr. Tawq expressed the bope that the forum would be able to contribute effectively in all the activities which are beneficial to our community in general and our young people in particular.

In this connection, the forum held two symposia, the first at the University of Jordan and the second at Yarmouk University. Because the first was so successful, now it has plans to bold a series of symposia in cooperation with university alumni clubs.

The forum was also the first to call for the withdrawal of the Nobel Peace Prize from Menachem Begin, and in this lead found a positive response both on the local and Arab levels.

Asfour, Taqi hold talks in Baghdad

BAGHDAD (Petra) — Industry and Trade Minister Walid Asfour met here Monday with Iraql Oil Minister Qaslm Ahmad Taqi. They discussed matters related to the flow of oil between the two

Agriculture seminar focuses on effect of fertilisers on output

AMMAN (Petra) — Participants in the consultative seminar on agricultural credit facilities, and the pricing policy of fertilisers continued their meetings here today.

Participants from 14 Arab countries and a group of experts from Arab and international organisations discussed a working paper presented by the representative of the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) on the supply, demand and pricing of fertilisers, particularly in the Near East.

The working paper discussed the results of a number of reports and studies made on the availability of fertilisers on the international market, as well as the relationship between the use of fertilisers and increased pro-

duction. The working paper explained that in Western Europe for instance, fertilisers contribute to between a 50 to 60 per cent increase of crop production. The FAO working paper said that demand for fertilisers would necessarily reflect their prices, and that the price of fertilisers should be kept strictly under cootrol.

Discussing the production and consumption of fertilisers in the Near East, the working paper said the Arab region is the third largest among the developing regions in the world for the production and consumption of fertilisers. It also said that when the Jordan potash project hits full operational capacity, it is expected to cover the

needs of the entire Near East with

extra quantities available for exp-

Three other working papers from the Saudi, Sudanese, and Iraqi delegates were also presented to the semmar.

The representative from the Regional Federation for Agricultural Credit in the Middle East, Ibrahim Abdullah, then presented a working paper on the impact of crop subsidies and insurance on the use of fertilisers. It concluded that crop subsidies would increase agricultural productivity and the use of fertilisers.

Earlier in the day, the seminar discussed two working papers pre-sented by the Arab Organisation for Agricultural Development (AOAD) also on fertilisers.

Aircraft overhaul in Jordan saves Alia an estimated \$1m

AMMAN (J.T.) — Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline, is at present undertaking the first complete over-haul of an aircraft ever to have been done totally in Jordan, according to an article in Alia

The overhaul, of a B707 aircraft, is estimated to have saved the airline more than a million dollars, said the bulletin.

The work which is being undertaken at Amman Airport this

week, will be finished at the new Queen Alia International Airport hanger next week when the technical work is complete, the plane will be painted with Sierra Leone Airline's colours and will replace the B707 currently in use by the

Many Sierra Leone employees have been sent to Amman for traming in various Alia offices, Alia news also said. The highlight of the training component will be

Jordan to attend Jeddah bank meeting next month

the Islamic Development Bank's board of governors which will open in Jeddah early next month.

During the two days of meetings, the board of governors will ivities of the bank in the past year. Nabulsi.

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan will and its programmes for 1983 and take part in the seventh meeting of 1984 especially with regard to the Islamic Development Bank's granting loans for development projects in Islamic nations. The Jordanian delegation to the meetings will comprise Finance Minister Salem Masa'deh and Central discuss the achievements and act- Bank Governor Mohammad Sa'id

continue to press for the full imp-

lementation of the inquiry com-

mission's recommendations bow-

At Monday's debate, Mr. Peres

quoted extensively from a speech

by Mr. Begin in 1974 after the

publication of a report into Israeli

errors before and during the 1973

"Prime minister, should you not

listen to the words of Mr. Men-

achem Begin?" Mr. Peres asked

Mr. Begin and other gov-

ernment ministers listened in sil-

ence as the Labour leader read ont

whole paragraphs from Mr.

Begin's 1974 speech demanding

the then Labour government's res-

maintained its impartiality with

regard to the Arab-Israeli conflict

while asserting the right to sec-

urity for all peoples in the region,

Mr. Van Der Broek said an

Arab peace plan and President

Reagan's initiative for the Middle

East, both launched last Sep-

tember, formed the basis for a

The Arab plan calls for an ind-

ependent Palestinian state while

the Reagan initiative envisages a

Palestinian homeland in the

Israeli-occupied West Bank and

Gaza Strip in association with Jor-

peaceful settlement.

sarcastically.

WAM said.

ever long this should take.

witnessed in early March 1983, when all Sierra Leone Airlines flights will be manned by its owo nationals.

Jordanians may apply for higher studies in Italy

AMMAN (Petra) - The Ministry of Education has called on students' wishing to continue their higher studies in Italy to submit applications through the Italian embassy in Amman. Only students who have completed a course in the Italian language, and have passed their general secondary school certificate examinations with high marks will be allowed to apply to study medicine and other science based subjects. the ministry said in a statement.

Writers toparticipate in festival

AMMAN (Petra) - The Jordanian Writers' Society is planning to celebrate a Jordanian heritage week starting 16 April. 1983. The festival plan includes an exhibition of Jordanian folklore materials and costumes, the preparation of studies and research material on folk literature, as well as singers and dancers. Films on folklore are also be shown.

A committee comprising a number of folklore specialists and University of Jordan scholars have been formed to organise the.

Council ends discussion of draft traffic law

NCC wishes PNC success in Algiers

AMMAN (Petra) — The National Consultative Council (NCC) has welcomed the Palestinian National Council (PNC) conference, currently being convened in Algiers, and wished it success in making appropriate decisions under such difficult circumstances. The NCC members discussed at length the importance of its forthcoming decision, at such a decisive time in the history of the Palestinian issue.

The NCC, meeting Monday under its first Vice-Chairman Kamal Al Dajani in the presence of cabinet ministers, also discussed the government reply stating the amount of money that would be allocated to build the court complex in Ma'an. The reply said that JD 100,000 in this year's budget had been put aside with the project's implementation beginning next year.

proposals for the establishment of a district office in the Hasban area. and the building of a road leading to the Amman military staff college starting from either the desert crossroad or the Na'our/Wadi El Seer crossroad. The proposals will now go to the government for consideration.

The NCC also referred its two

The NCC also completed the discussion of the traffic draft law

for 1982 approving seven of its articles. It also discussed the decision of the joint committee, comprising legal, social and educationat committee members, on the draft law amending the juvenile delinquency law and approved it as submitted by the committee.

Among the seven articles of the traffic draft law was an article forming a central committee for traffic headed by the Interior Minister, and consisting of nine members representing departments concerned with traffic affairs. The powers of this committee were defined as to regulate traffic and transport in the country, and to draw up regulations concerning the condition of road using vehicles. Traffic subcommittees would also be formed in every governorate to be headed by the

ALO conference team to be chosen

AMMAN (Petra) — The Amman Chamber of Industry is currently holding talks with the Federation of Jordanian Chamber of Commerce with the purpose of selecting a joint delegation that will join the government team to the Arab Labour Organisation's (ALO's) conference which opens in Amman on March 6, according to the chamber's Director-

General Ali Dajani.

He said that the conference will review a report by the ALO president on the activities of the Arab Labour Office, and study means of eva. The delegates will also look at implementing the ALO's earlier labour-related issues such as the recommendations and res- rate of labourers' wages, social

Apart from this the delegates to Mr. Dajani said.

the March conference, which is expected last 10 days, will review a memorandum to be submitted to the International Labour Organisation's 69th session in Genservices, and a plan for improving the standard of Arah labour force,

Jordanian rally team gets back after harrowing time in poorly organised contest in Kuwait added Mr. Ledger.

By Ara Voskian Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The Royal Automobile Club team, which represented Jordan in the Kuwaiti car rally, returned to Amman Sunday night, club officials said Monday. The Kuwait Rally was held on the afternoon of Feb. 10 and con-

tinued until the following day. Commenting on the rally, the Royal Automobile Club General Manager, Mr. Derek Ledger said that the Jordanian team confronted difficulties in the beginning because of the soft sand on the "tracks which were so bad all

the cars were getting stuck." Ziad Bustami was one of the participants representing Jordan and "during the rally a fourwheel-drive car driver by Kuwaiti vouths started playing in front of Ziad's car', said Mr. Ledger "and later on Ziad's car overturned." Luckily there were no injuries

but by the time Ziad's car, a Datsun Sylvia, was righted and checked, the one hour time limit was up and Ziad was out of the rally.

Jordan's second participant, Mr. Hailey Aguillar, made a good start but he got stuck in the sand." said Mr. Ledger. "He had more bad luck when he later ran out of petrol". Mr. Aguillar added to this by saying that at one of the stops "the rally officials were asleep and by the time we woke them up, precious time had been lost."

Aguillar finished in twelfth place. "If there hadn't been any (organisational) snags," said Mr. Ledger, "our drivers would have finished in fifth or sixth place".

Mr. Ledger added that out of 39 cars that started the rally only 13 finished. Of the remaining 26 cars, ten got stuck in the soft sand and the rest dropped out due to mechanical faults or accidents.

Talking about the organisation of the Kuwaiti Rally, Mr. Ledger said that everybody was complaming. "The tracks were limited, while there were neither police nor ambulances in case anyone was miured."

"In one incident during the rally the army came with machineguns and asked what was happening,"

According to the Jordanian team the rally was badly organised. "In terms of organisation there was no comparison with our rally," said the club manager. The Jordan Rally is the most efficient and the best (rally) in the

Middle East." he continued. Mr. Aguillar added to this saying "we can do much better, we (The Royal Automobile Club) are professionals".

The Royal Automobile Club is organising the 1983 international rally which will be held on August 11-12. More than 50 cars are expected to participate, half of which will be from Jordan, while almost 15 cars will come from Kuwait with the UAE and European countries being represented.

The Marriott Hotel is sponsoring the Jordan International Rally which will cover 1,500 kilometres from Azraq to Aqaba. Before the international rally,

the club is organising its bi-annual National Rally, a one day event. on April 29 which will cover 280 kilometres.

Arab aid shortfall produces a deficit

AMMAN (J.T.) - Preliminary estimates for the 1982 Jordanian balance of payments indicate that there is likely to be a deficit ranging between JD 10 and JD 58 million, it was stated in Al Ra'i Dewspaper.

Al Ra'i also said that Arab aid so far left unpaid to Jordan for 1982, totals around JD 60 million, roughly the same figure as that of the maximum anticipated halance of payments deficit.

lings in 1982 would have been balanced bad Jordan received the Arab aid due to it.

Al Ra'i concludes that the deficit is thus not due to any shorecomings in the activities of the Jordanian economy, but was caused by this failure to pay the Arab aid agreed because Jordan is a frontline state.

'Al Ra'i that the average rise in the cost of living for Jordan in 1982

It has also been announced in

Nabulsi starts tour to discuss unified Arab dinar scheme

AMMAN (Petra) - Central Bank Governor Mohammad Sa'id Nabulsi will take part in three Pan-Arab meetings which will be held in Abu Dhabi, Kuwait and Morocco altogether lasting for 10 days, it

In Abu Dhabi Dr. Nabulsi will discuss Jordanian proposals for issuing a unified Arab dinar with the Arab Monetary Fund's board

committee charged with supervising the work and activities of the Inter-Arab Investment Guarantee Corporation.

off Second Circle Jabal Amman, third will begin at 7 p.m.

One month administration seminar planned to train 20 government employees

AMMAN (Petra) — The Public Administration Institute in Jordan will organise a course on methods of administration on March 12.

The aim of the course, which will last for one month, is to train people to become specialists in administration in the different government ministries by enhancing their knowledge and skills in order to deal with organisational problems. The course also aims to provide the participants with a basic grasp of modern administrative concepts, and to develop their skills in this field. The institute has already sent the couse registration forms to all government departments and is expecting about 20 participants to attend.

A necessary prerequisite of course participation is a university degree while the aspiring participants should have spent at least two years in their jobs.

Course lectures will foous on managerial organisation, joh descriptions, performance averages and other topics related to methods of organisation.

Japanese films to show at Chamber of Industry

AMMAN (J.T.) - A mini Jap- are for adults and children except anese film festival is to be staged in for the last one, Melody in Gray. Amman between Fcb. 19 and 21, which is for adults only, according to a spokesman from .

the Japanese Embassy. A different film is to be shown anised by the Japanese Embassy on each of the successive days with in conjunction with the Jordan-Arabic sub-titles being used on all

of them.

The film show is being org-

Japan Friendship Association. The first two films, Little Adv-The films, which are to be entures and Branch School Diary, showo at the Chamber of Industry will commence at 5 p.m., while the

Arens to succeed Sharon

icies, particularly its settlement irely agreed with Israeli policies drive in the West Bank. and had not altered his views on Israel's political and military reqstir when he recommended that uirements while ambassador in He told Israel Radio in an int-

As ambassador to Washington.

erview Sunday, he said the subject of the Beirut massacre was now closed and that the judicial inquiry commission, which reported last week, had done a very thorough

obstacle to peace.

PLO said the appointment of Mr. in place of Mr. Sbaron was a change of personalities rather than

flight mechanics. As defence minister, Mr. Arens takes over Israel's second most powerful post and is responsible for security and the government of defence attitudes. the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

Government officials say the choice of Mr. Arens shows there will be no change in Israel's pol-

Continued from page 1

Last year, Mr. Arens created a Israel temporarily halt its settiement programme to improve its

image following the Lebanon war. Mr. Arens later denied this meant he had softened his views. adding that be still strongly supported building up a Jewisb population in the territory.

he has frequently been in the firing line through one of the stormiest periods in Israeli-U.S. relations and has gained a reputation as a forthright spokesman for Israel's

controversial policies. In an American television int-

Mr. Arens also said he disagreed with President Reagan that Emirates news agency. WAM. Israel's settlements policy was an said.

PLO reaction

In Algiers, a spokesman for the Arens as Israel's defence minister

Spokesman Ahmad Abdul Rahman said Mr. Arens was a "warmonger" whose appointment would have little impact on Israeli

Peres assails Begin He said the opposition would

Mr. Sharon remains in the cabinet as minister without portfolio, while Mr. Begin is due to fill the defence post until Israel's amb-assador to Washington, Moshe Arens, is confirmed as the new

defence minister. Mr. Begin opened the Knesset (parliament) debate with a brief statement on Sunday's cabinet decision. Mr. Sharon was not in the chamber.

Mr. Peres said it was clear the government would win a majority for the reshuffle but, he added, the people would gain a deplorable example of democracy in action. .

the values of democracy?"

"The politicians gave themselves a partial pardon and Sha-

ron announced he would not resign. Is this how you educate the public and the young generation in

UAE urges European role with visiting Dutch Foreign Min-ister Hans van Der Broek, the

Mr. Abdullah also urged the European community to spearhead peace efforts to end the Iran-Iraq war, WAM said, quoting him as saying the protracted Gulf war endangered the region's security and did oot serve Iranian

or Iraqi interests. Mr. Van Der Broek was quoted by WAM as saying the European community bad not taken a biased stand in the 29-month-old war bot

was trying to belp end it. He said the Dutch government Freij appeals to PNC for urgent action

> hout land, without sovereignty. living under occupation. While the Arabs elsewhere continue quarrelling among themselves over petty differences, we

"If not, we will be a people wit-

Support for PLO

Hundreds of local Palestinian figures, who risk being banned from the West Bank if they attend the PNC meeting in Algiers, Monday signed a petition in support of the Palestine Liberation

Organisation. They called on the PNC "to stand strongly against the United Palestinian state." Meanwhile, a poll of Pal-

estinians in a West Bank Arabic newspaper found 80 per cent favoured a continued Palestinian-Jordanian dialogue.

cent had no opinion. Nearly two-thirds of the respondents said they did not believe a Palestinian-U.S. dialogue would be fruitful, while just under a third thought a dialogue would have

This means, according to Al Ra'i, that Jordan's external dea-

bas been announced.

In Kuwait, Dr. Nabulsi will attend the annual meeting of the

Dr. Nabulsi will later head of Jordanian delegation to Morocco to take part in a seminar on the role of Arab specialised credit organisations, which will be held in cooperation with the Moroccan government and the Arab Development Fund.

continue the occupation and build more settlements. Mr. Frei called on the PNC to adopt "pragmatic, courageous

> He returned to Bethlehem last week after talks with Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak and His Majesty King Hussein. He said he stressed to them the urgency of the situation. "I believe we will reach the point of no return within two

> and practical resolutions that will

enable us to protect our Arab ide-

ntity and protect Arab land in the

West Bank and Gaza Strip."

months. Last December, I said we were standing at five minutes to zuro. Now, it is zero hour," he

ismel's settlement drive on the

West Bank bas accelerated this year. About 25,000 Jews live in the Arab territory, compared with 850,000 Palestinians, but the Jewish population is expected to double this summer when more Israeli families move into nearlycompleted residential estates.

Israel has also recently stepped up its drive to take over uncultivated or state-owned land for new Jewish settlements. "People here are very fru-

strated and recognise that time is against them. The present political stalemate is simply helping Israel," Mr. Freij said. The PNC meeting in Algiers presented Palestinians with per-

haps the last chance to change

course and start negotiating with

will be a people with no future," Mr. Freij said.

Israel, be said.

States" because the Reagan plan "doesn't recognise the right to a

The poll of 740 West Bank and Gaza residents published in the Al Bayader Al Siassi weekly found just over 17 per cent opposed a dialogue with Jordan and 2.5 per

Belliorial and adversising offices

Telephones

Telegram

Telex :

Jordan Press Foundation. University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan. 666320, 666265 21497 ALRAI JO

JORTIMES, Amman, Jordan.

The fordah Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

In whose interest is it?

PERHAPS the failure of Iran's latest offensive against traq this month will not be enough to make the Tehran regime change its mind about pursuing its declared war aims. Just how much more blood will have to be spilt before peace is re-established between the two Muslim nations, we cannot know.

One thing is clear though: Iraq and Iran have had enough, and it must be understood that no military solution exists for their probiems, although it is obvious that Iran carries the full responsibility for continuing the warand for no good reason at all.

We all know that for an Iraq-Iran settlement to be reached, the war must end with no illegitimate gains for either party. Baghdad has repeatedly said that if Tehran accepts Iraq's territorial integrity and non-interference in Iraqi internal affairs it is willing to sit and negotiate without any prior conditions. President Saddam Hussein has even offered to go personally to Tehran and bold direct negotiations with the Iranian leaders. Reg-

rettably, however, Ayatollah Khomeini's attitude has not been as positive; on the contrary, nothing more negative than toppling the Iraqi government will do as far as he and his regime are concerned.

Amid all the bloodshed and destruction in the 29-month-old war, comes the even more dangerous, or at best negative, Arab attitude, especially that adopted by Syria and Libya. It is not enough that President Assad and Col. Qadhaft will not use their comradely influence with the Iranian leaders to stop the killing of fellow Arabs and Muslims, they share the dangerous Iranian view that no settlement can be reached except through a change of regime in

For how much longer can we Arabs, the Iranian people themselves and the rest of the world tolerate this horrible sight of blood and war? Is not there something that we could and should do? This senseless war must be stopped.

JORDAN'S ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i PNC must give fresh impetus for peace

The present session of the Palestine National Couneil [PNC] is the focus of Arab and world public attention. But those who will be affected most by the outcome of the PNC meeting are the Palestinian people living in the occupied Arab territories. They are the ones who directly experience the Zionist occupation, suffer its repressive policies and physically face its settlement plans.

The appeals made by several prominent West Bank and Gaza personalities reflects Palestinian public opinion which wants to see the PNC session make decisions that will give a new impetus to the peace process in the region. They also hope to see

Al Dustour: PNC session-most critical in Palestinian history

The Palestine National Council Monday opens its sixteenth session, which is certainly the most critical of all sessions throughout its history. The developments that have been taking place in the Middie East and on the world scene require the utmost sensitivity in approaching the coming stages of the Deace Drocess.

single handed, is entitled to decide its own future

The Palestine National Council JPNC), which is starting its sixteenth session Monday, is sure to review and then revise its armed struggle in the wake of the battle of Beirut, and the loss of its hase

usands of martyres, a reconsideration of the whole of its strategy in the Middle East and the world arena should be made by the PNC. The battle for Lebanon has gained the Palestinian people and its cause great support throughout the world and, regardless of pressures that might be exerted on the Palestine Liberation Organisation [PLO] to take

the PNC grant a full mandate to the Palestine Libcrution Organisation (PLCt) leadership to fight the peace battle, in unison with the Jordanian people. with the same courage that its leadership fought the battle of Beirut.

The shift in world opinion in favour of the Palestinian people and their cause that followed the Israeli invasion of Lehanon must be capitalised upon, for it is time the Palestinian people, in collaboration with Jordan, were given a free hand to

Among the most outstanding issues the PNC faces is the need for the preservation of an indopendent Palestinian decision-making process, free from outside influences. The Palestine Liberation Organisation [PLO] leadership, which fought the battle of Beirut and faced the Israeli war-machine

Sawt Al Shaab: PNC must review its whole Mideast strategy

from which to confront Israel in South Lebanon. After eighteen years of armed struggle and tho-

achieve new political gains in this improved international atmosphere.

course of action to Israel's occupation of the West

Bank ang Gaza. The Israeli invasion of Lehanon did not have Lehanese soil as its only objective, for it also aimed at concentrating world attention on Lebanon, thus facilitating its unnexationist aspirations in the West Bank and Gaza. Top priority must be given to foiling the enemy's settlement plans, as without their land, the Palestinian people has no identity or autonomy. The only path open to the Arab struggle at the present stage is a peaceful one. Therefore it is of great urgency to make use of such a path to achieve these national targets, the ultimate of which is to end Israel's occupation of Palestinian

The new opportunities for peace, following the great shift in international public opinion in favour of the Palestinians, demands that every effort be devoted to the joint Jordanian-Palestinian effort to rescue the occupied Arab territories, and their people. The common dangers and fate of our two peoples make it imperative that they fight the peace battle hand in hand, as they have fought the battle of military confrontation with the Zionist agg-

unrealistic decisions, the Palestinian leadership, after having faced the Israel courageously and alone, has a right to review hs programme.

Can we learn from the contradiction?

By Rami G. Khouri

It was perhaps inevitable that the debate following the publication of the findings of the Israeli commission of inquiry into the massacres at Sabra and Shatila camps would lapse into the standard old arguments of right and wrong, good and bad. Israel and the Arabs. The commission's report should be an opportunity for the Arab World to analyse more closely - and more honestly -- the true basis of Israeli society. and, by comparison, of Arab society. I would make the following points on the matter: 1. It is a meaningless exercise

to take the commission of inq-

uiry's findings and from there to extrapolate about the global morality or immorality of Israel. Many professionally injudicious people io the West. especially in the United States. have seized the opportunity to climb the highest locally available mountain top and from there to proclaim to the world below that Israel is, indeed, a society of high and irreproachable morality. The counter-argument from the Arab World has been that the commission of inquiry's findings are a procedural nicety that cannot hide the horrors and terrors of Zionism during the past 50 years. Both arguments have some truth in them, but as attempts to judge the commission of inquiry's findings in absolute terms. I think both should be handled with care.

2. It would make a great deal more sense to treat the commission of inquiry as a separate, isolated phenomenon. rather than to see it as a mirror of all Israeli society. As such.

the commission of inquiry, and its findings which appear to have been accepted by the Israeli political establishment, strike me as a valuable mechaoism of political accountability. For in the final analysis, this is what we are talking about: The political accountability of public officials who are either directly elected by their people or are appomted by and kept in check by those leaders who are directly elected by their people and are subject to reconfirmation or rejection by an electoral or a parliamentary process. In this respect. our usually intemperate American friends are more or less correct: Israel is a democratic country in the sense that its elected and or appointed officials are held accountable for their actions before a tribunal rooted in the principle of the consent of the governed.

That powerful ministers can be removed from office and senior army officers relieved of field command in this manner is indeed the reflection of a democratic and a republican polnical order, But, having said this, I will quickly add that the principle of whether or not Israel is a democracy is altogether irrelevant in this case, because we are not, or should not be, discussing the internal political structure of Israel. What concems us are the actions of the state of Israel as a whole. irrespective of whether it is a democracy or a tyrranical dietatorship. We saw in Vietnam aod Algeria how manifestly democratic countries, such as the United States and France. could employ tactics of the

most cruel barbarity, totally against all the accepted principles of otherwise democratic and compassionate societies. We must approach discussions of this sort with the clear understanding that dema ocratic countries are not necessarily humane and reasonable in their treatment of other countries or other people. Democracy is a process and a principle that applies to the internal political organisation of one's resources and institutions. As such, Israel is clearly a democracy. But in its foreign affairs and its treatment of Palestinians and Lebanese and other Arabs, it is the total antithesis of a democratic country.

3. In the case of Israel, we are dealing with a predatory, imperial and often inhuman democracy -- a contradiction in terms at first reading, but a fact of life nevertheless. One recalls the actions of Richard Nixon and Henry Kissinger in the early 1970s, when, among other things, they unleashed a massive series of air attacks against Haiphong in North Vietnam. Is this the act of a democracy? Yes, it is, Mr. Nixon learned the full meaning of what a democracy is a fcw vears later when Senate impeachment proceedings against him were to begin and he resigned instead of being thrown out of office. This is democracy at its best, and at its most pure. We have a similar situation in Israel today. Israel is being run by a militaristic leadership whose actions against the Arabs are governed by brute terror, siege warfare, ind-iscriminate destruction and the

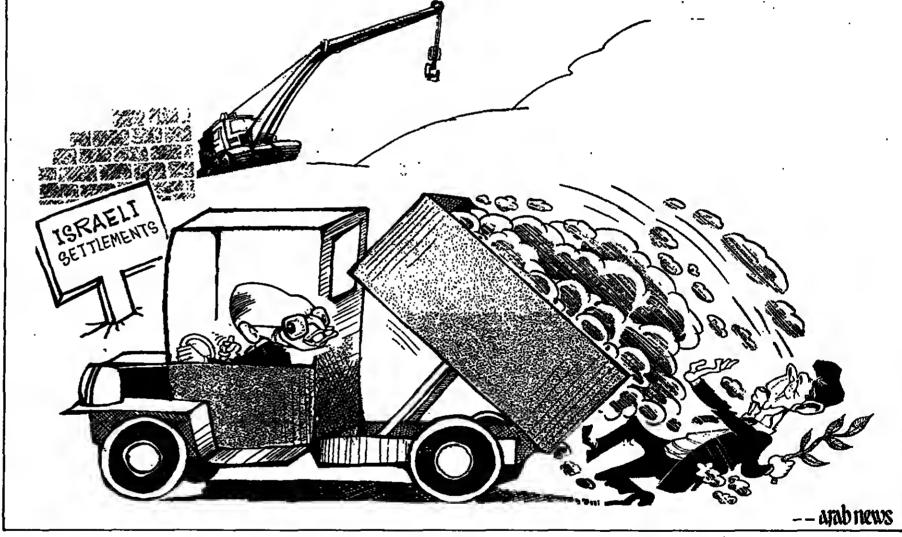
supremacy of the gun; and yet, this same leadership meekly submits to a commission of inquiry whose results reaffirm in dramatic fashion the principle of democratic control being vested in the people. This is a contradiction that is difficult for Arab societies to understand. Therefore, we assume either that the commission of inquiry is an aberration in the political life of Israel (which it is not!, or that it is part of an infinitely more complex conspiracy designed to give Israel the appearance of a democracy and to hide its militaristic core.

4. We need also to judge Israel not in a vacuum, but within the universe that it has defined for itself -- from the Euphrates to the Nile. I think that a far more useful exercise than trying to tuck the commission of inquiry into the folds of what we see only as the terroristic soul of Israel would be to isolate the institutional mechanism of the commission and to try and draw parallels with what happens in the Arab World when public officials are thought perhaps to have transgressed the bounds of public order, decency, decorum or trust. Arab political orders are not founded on the same hases as Western democracies, and therefore we should not expect them to work in exactly the same manner. But I think it would be a monumental failure for Atab societies simply to dismiss the Israeli commission of inquiry as an exercise in propaganda. One needs to ask oneself some simple questions, such as: Why is it that with all the money and land and water

and labour that have been ava-Bable to the Arab World during the past several decades, we have become increasingly reliant on imports of food from other countries, and that every year we grow less and less of the food we consume? Isn't this a subject worthy of an Arab commission of inquiry?

5. It is easy to dismiss the Israeli commission of inquiry and to point to the record of Israeli atrocities as proof of the real character of political Zionism. But isn't this precisely why, 35 years after the creation of Israel and some 100 years after the first Zionist Congress in Basel, we are trying to get the Israelis out of Lebenon. keep them away from Juidan. temper their penchant for attacks against Iraqi nuclear reactors and overflights over other neighbouring Arab states. and hring about a withdrawal from the West Bank and Gaza and the Golan Heights?

One would think that the proper Arab attitude now would be to study the mechanism and the polnical meaning of the commission of inquiry, and to appreciate from such a study why it is that we are where we are, and they are where they are, Isn't it time that we started inquiring about ourselves and our predicament? Our Israeli foes are a vicious, terroristic, pre-datory, imperial and violent democracy. Unless we start dealing with this contradictory reality, we will be condmened to keep suffering from it for another 35 years -- during which the price of imported food will only keep rising.



Colombia's guerrillas reject amnesty offer

By Francisco Tulande Reuter

BOGOTA — Colombia's guerrilla groups, after some soulsearching, have largely rejected an amnesty offer from President Belisario Betancur and are stepping up attacks and kidnappings.

A resurgence in the 20-year-old guerrilla struggle after a twomonth lull following the offer is causing rumblings among the military and raises the possibility of a return to the state of emergency under which Colombians have lived almost continuously for the last 31 years.

Along with guerrilla violence has come an increase in nonpolitical kidnappings, long a fav-oured form of criminal activity in this country. Colombia, like many Latin American countries, sees its traditional problems of social inequality agrravated by current economic difficulties and rising unemployment.

President Betancor's amnesty offer for guerrillas accused of crimes other than kidnapping and murder is not the first.

It goes beyond earlier offers, however, by earmarking some \$800 million over four years to ease the guerrillas' leturn to civilian life by providing land, work, and health and education services. It has had some success, despite gloomy predictions from some politicians. The interior ministry says 360 guerrillas have given themselves up and a further 270

Many may have just given up gue-

The two-month relative trucc ended last month. Interior Minister Rodrigo Escobar told the press the amnesty offer had been successful and meant "the failure of subversion which usclessly spilled blood for 20 years." But the Colombian Rev-

olutionary Armed Forces (FARC) look over a village for several hours and announced its rejection of the offer. It has since stepped up attacks and kidnappings. Clandestine bulletins purporting to come from the biggest guerrilla group, M-19, although not signed by its top leaders, have also announced a resumption of "military activities."

3,500 guerrillas

The group claimed responsibility for several kidnappings recently, and military sources believe they may be trying to obtain hig ransoms to finance stepped-up

Officials say there are still some 3.500 guerrillas active in the country, 70 per cent of them belonging to M-19, and that they have killed 40 people since the Nov. 19 amnesty offer. Mr. Escobar admitted last week that neace is deteriorating when the nation expected a new stage of

democratic coexistence. He said President Betaneur. elected last year largely on his

have been released from prison. amnesty offer, could reimpose a state of siege on the country if the situation continued to worsen. A state of siege was lifted last June hy former President Julio Cesar Turbay Ayala.

The amnesty rejection and gue-

rrilla threats to go back on the war

path have incensed the military. It has warned law and order is collapsing and that guerrillas will be treated as common criminals. "Those who have rejected amnesty are nothing more than

violence-traffickers who kidnap. kill and extort for dollars," the defence minister, General Fernando Landazabal Reyes wrote in an armed forces magazine.

"Military emblems are for victory, not for surrender and humiliation." His tough stand caused an outery among liberals who accused him of interfering in the govemment's attempt at national reconciliation.

The military has been further angered by charges from a human rights group that it has recruited civilians under threat to wipe out guerrilla leaders. Three alleged members of an undergroundgroup called "death to the kidnappers" (MAS), jailed for murder, said they were armed and paid by the military.

MAS claimed responsibility for the deaths of at least 100 people last year. Police sources said it was made up of drug traffickers defending their property from common criminals and leftist gue-

The military commanderin-chief, General Gustavo Matamoros, in turn accused civilians of helping the guerrillas and asked the state prosecutor to press charges against people he said were working against the constitutional government and individual fre-

Guerrilla movements in Colombia date back to the emergence of the Castroist National Libpro-Chinese People's Liberation minent banker.

Army (ELP) appeared later. The defence ministry says 200 military, 280 guerrillas and 100 civilians died in political violence in 1981, while the toll for last year was 40 military, 215 guerrillas and

Official figures show 40 people 15 guerrillas, eight policemen, two soldiers and 15 civilians -- have died in resumed fighting since the beginning of this year. At least 30 civilians have eration Army (ELN) in the early been kidnapped, and guerrillas 1960s. The pro-Communist are currently demanding \$25 mil-FARC, the leftist M-19 and the lion for the daughter of a pro-

LETTERS

Seoul's good old days?

To the Editor:

Being very busy during the last two weeks, I could not write to you on time regarding your article "Living conditions deteriorate as world's cities burgeon" (Jordan Times, Jan. 26, 1983).

In fact the picture of a shanty town on the "outskirts of Seoul". published with the above mentioned article, took me back with the memory to those old beautiful days when I was a schoolhoy. Now, it is with pleasure I note that such a scene has not been seen in Seoul for almost 20 years.

> Young-Min Kwon Counsellor Embassy of the Republic of Korea

U.S. strategy in the Arab **Gulf region**

By Tareq Masarwah Al Ra'i Columnist

Two billion dollars, originally allocated to the strategic oil reserve. expenditure, int he U.S. Federal budget, were labelled unnecessary and done away with by the U.S. administration. The U.S. secretary of energy in a reply to a question in the U.S. Senate on the Federal budget recently, pointed out that the Arab Gulf region is no more of strategic importance to the U.S., as the possibility of an oil embargo on the U.S. has now become quite remote.

When another U.S. senator raised the issue of the rapid deployment force, the cost of which exceeded \$2 billion, and which was meant to protect the Gulf region, the secretary of energy went back to his talk of the world oil supply, which had now become more comfortable, and clarified that the daily reserve output had now dropped to 145,000 barrels a day, compared to 216,000 barrels a day last year.

With all respect to the knowledge and studies of the Arab foreign ministries on the intcrnational situation, we believe that a follow-up of the debates on the annual budget of the super powers, and the U.S. in the first place, is of great importance, and is probably of more importance for the understanding of U.S. pol-

icies than to follow up statements made by the White House, the State Department or Pentagon official spokesmen. The Federal budget is the only stable factor in the U.S. political process, in particular the aspects pertaining to foreign policy. Three years ago, former President Carter stated that the Arab Gulf region is a U.S. security region, and gave orders to set up a socalled rapid de ployment force to face Soviet ambitions that had then founded a bridge-head in

Egypt, Somalia and Oman gave facilities" to the newly-formed force. Later on military exercises by this force in collaboration with forces from these countries took place on the latter's territories. All these noisy preparations came dwon to nothing after the cla-rification by the U.S. secretary of energy clarifying that the Arab Gulf region no longer was of strategie significance, as an oilemhargo had become highly improbable.

Afghanistan.

Such facts should be properly considered by the Arabs in par-ticular, and Third World politicians in general. Those who work out their policies based on an accurate follow-up of statements and speeches made by the leaders of the super powers should know

better. They had better look into facts and realities behind such speeches.

Three years ago, former Egy-ptian President Sadat built up a policy based on the rapid deployment force. He decided to rent the Rad Banas base on the Red Sea for the force. President Siad Barre of Somalia at the same time thought his willingness to rent the Berbera seaport to the force would end his poverty. On the other hand the steadfast Arab group started shouting their resounding slogans against the "military offensive of U.S. imperialism', without noticing that the U.S. threat practically is posed against the Arab Gulf states. The threat is there to fend off a possible Araboil embargo against the U.S., because of its hostile role played in the Camp David accords, and its despicable role in the present Guif war.

Big powers have their interests. and we, small peoples, have our interests too. But the interests of the former are in no way similar to those of the latter. If it ever crosses our minds that such conflicting interests might meet somewhere. somehow, then we are simply subject to self-deception as it is in the interest of the big powers to destroy our interests.

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New report predicts real catastrophe as deserts spread

The big questions about desertification are: how people create deserts; how they could stop doing so, and why they don't, says Earthscan, the London-based information service on environment and development issues.

Desoite a decade of aid, Africa's Sahel region is ripe for another disaster like the 1968-73 drought, which killed between 50,000 and 250,000 people and 3.5 million cattle, according to a new Earthscan report on the wor-Idwide problem of desertification.

Herds, approaching predrought levels, are overgrazing the fragile rangelands. Trees are being cut faster than they can regcnerate. Population is rising by 2.5 per cent a year, while cereals production increases by only 1 per

cent, says the report, by Alan Gra- forestry projects. So the region's governments are also happy to

The drought focussed world attention on the precarious existence of arid land dwellers. Rich nations formed the "Club du Sahel' to funnel money into the stricken region. The Sahei nations formed their own organisation-(CILSS) to prevent another such disaster

Over 1975-80, \$7.46 billion in aid was committed to the region. By 1979, per capita aid in the Sahel was \$40, while for Africa as a whole it was \$19. Both the Club and CILSS proclaimed that their main goal was food selfsufficiency for the region. But little of the aid has gone toward this

Recently only 8 per cent of aid was being spent on rainfed crops; 5 per cent went to livestock raising and 1.4 per cent went to ecology/

people, most of whom make their living in subsistence agriculture (89 per cent in Niger, 87 per cent in Mali), were getting little benefit from the money. The Club itself

keep aid money, and especially food aid, in the cities, where the police, civil servants and soldiers live. Farmers are the politically weakest citizens in arid lands, so

Every year, some 200,000 square kilometres of land deteriorate to the point of zero economic return. Unless desertification can be halted by the year 2000 ... it will be out of control.

finds that reforestation rates are 50 times too slow.

The wealthy nations would rather spend money on roads, bridges, dams and buildings. These may mean jobs for contractors and orders for equipment from back home. Such projects are easier to identify and keep tabs on. The

desertification rarely becomes a political" problem.

Contradictions between goals and reality have played bavoc with the work of U.N. agencies. Personal and organisational antipathies have developed, and some agencies work almost openly against one another.

precise plan of action, with national, regional and international programmes. Although twothirds of the world's nations suffer from desertification, very little has been done since then. In 1977, the U.N. set up a "Special Account" to combat desertification; but five years later only one contribution had come in - \$5,000 from Mex-

Every year some 200,000 sq km of land -- an area larger than Senegal -- deteriorates to the point of zero economic return. U.N. Environment Programme executive director Mostafa Tolba said in 1982 that this rate was accelerating. Unless desertification can be halted by the year 2000, he

warned, it would be out of control. Droughts do not cause desertification; people do -- by ove-

desertification in 1977 agreed on a reultivating, cutting too many estock. China and South Korea --trees for firewood and building faulty irrigation projects.

But a drought makes the land more fragile, more prone to the pressures of humans trying to feed themselves. And a Club du Sahel/CLISS report found that prolonged drought is, in a way, a normal phenomenon in the Sahel... The Sahel must be prepared to confront new periods of drought in the future".

Last year severe droughis struck in the continents of Africa. Asia, Australia, Europe and Latin America, doing millions of dollars worth of damage to crops and livestock. In fact, a U.S. scientist proclaimed that the Sahel drought has never really ended.

Science has found ways of coping with desertification. There are trees which grow fast in arid lands, two very different countries politically -- bave shown how to make mass forestry work. There are cropping techniques which protect fragile soils. Land can be irrigated without turning fields

into salty wastes. But no ways have been found to motivate politicians. For the present, serious droughts and famines remain the only events able 10. focus world attention on the problems of the one-third of the

A major U.N. conference on rgrazing their herds, ove- while providing fodder for liv- Earth's surface which is arid and semi-arid.

As for the Sahel. "I think the area is slowly deteriorating" said a U.S. relief worker. "Whether you see the desert as advancing or the Sahel as losing ground, a real catastrophe is on the way," said the director of a Niger forestry pro-

More information, and copies of the report are available from Earthsucan, 10 Percy Street, London WIPODR, U.K.



Tree cover disappears under anslaught of man and animals

In Sudan, villages become centres of expanding desert as livestock overgraze around them

Carrying firewood home in Niger; wood can be harder to find than food

Misuse of pesticides can poison environment, endanger man

By Mustapha M. Salma Special to the Jordan Times

Jordan imports over 1,000 tonnes of pesticides, costing over JD 2 million, each year. But these chemicals can be highly toxic to buman beings, and their improper use can lead to death or serious illness. Continued misusc or over-use of pesticides can also have an adverse effect on the environment by poisoning natural habitats and being ingested by birds and animals. Once absorbed into the "food chain", pesticides can leave chemical residues in the food we eat, such as meat, milk, and bread.

In contrast to all other contaminants, pesticides are introduced into the environment to perform beneficial functions: improved agricultural productivity, control of insect-borne diseases such as malaria, sanitation in houses and recreational areas.

Around the world, man has

ogrammes of chemicals into the environment, in the form of approximately 34,000 pesticide products formulated from more than 1000 chemical compounds, with ticides' long-term effects.

In general, pesticides by design are biologically active chemicals which act by disrupting the normal chemical balance within the target

Reactions to pesticide exposure vary greatly. They include damage to the central nervous system, digestive and respiratory tracts, eyes, skin, visceral organs, mucous membranes, and the brain.

The risks of pesticide use on the environment lie in their selectivity and persistance. An ideal pesticide would affect only the pest that it is intended to kill, while it is harmless to non-target organisms and breaks down into barmless constituents after achieving its purpose. This ideal pesticide,

been introducing millions of kil- however, is far from being obt- pesticides at various exposure lev-

ective to a certain extent. This sel- anaphosphates such as malathion ectivity may be increased by the and parathion can cause death or choice of formulation or by the serious illness if only one drop of Organic pesticides' rate of breakdown is dependent on their chemical structure and on a wide range of factors such as temperature and moisture conditions. soil type and acidity.

The widespread use of pesticides has been accompanied by serious problems to man and his environment. Every year a number of persons are killed and still more are made seriously ill through failing to follow instructions on pesticide labels or ignorance of

pesticide toxicity. For example, pesticide application to cotton in Nicaragua is said to have led to 300 deaths and over 3,000 cases of prisoning in

It is now well known that many

els will cause illness. Some highly Today many pesticides are sel- toxic pesticides which include orgtiming and method of application. the concentrated chemical touches the skin.

In Pakistan in 1976, 2500 malaria control workers were polsoned by malathion and five died, because of ignorance in handling and spraying. Poisoning was more acute in this case because of impurities in some batches of the malathion powder.

The organophosphorous insecticides persists for only a few days or weeks, while most of organochlorine compounds are highly persistent, that is, they exhibit very low rate of degradation. However, these oblorinated bydrocarbons (e.g. aldrin, dieldrin, toxophene, and DDT), are only mildly toxic and are usually dangerous only in large doses.

The adverse effect on the env-

ironment of the use of these less toxic but slower degrading pesticides has been documented by measured lethal concentrations in dead wildlife. The delayed health effects on humans --- as there chiorinated hudrocarbon compounds, soluble in body fat, are passed on in the food chain -- may be many years in appearing. After prolonged use, the pre-

viously sensitive target organisms become tolcrant to pesticides and are said to have developed resistance. It is difficult to obtain a clear picture of the extent and seriousness of the resistance problem in Jordan, because we bave no data. Resistance is a serious problem but hopefully it might not become a major constraint on agricultural production.

Pesticides are a mixed blessing. They will continue to play a vital role in food production, as well as in public health. On the other band, we have noted earlier that the widespread use of pesticides involves some risks for people and istration of that pesticide may be wildlife. Therefore, in order to cancelled. reconcile this conflict we must adopt a policy which ensures that the amount and toxicity of pesticides used are as low as possible, consistent with well recognised tolerance standards and meeting agricultural objectives. Subsequently, an effective pesticides control programme should be

based upon three specific areas: One, registration of pesticides (whether they are for general or restricted use), in order to prevent barmful products from entering the market, and the requirement of labelling to ensure proper use. Products should be registered only if they perform their intended functions without unreasonable adverse effect on man and bis environment.

If at any time new facts surface that indicate continued use of the pesticide will result in an imminent threat to human health or the environment, then the regTwo, the use of pesticides sho-

uld be controlled. Only certified applicators should be able to apply pesticides for general or restricted use. The Ministry of Agriculture should train and certify applicators. Operators who are not certified should not be allowed to work with pesticides.

Three, monitoring networks should be established to determine the health and environmental effects of pesticides. including also the routine sampling of pesticide products from the market place to determine conformity with their labels.

In addition, much research is needed to determine the extent of the pesticide resistance problem in Jordan and to establish presticide baseline data in our environment and the food we eat.

To conclude, it must be acknowledged that pesticides are crucial in modern agriculture and will

Malhas, J. Amman Palestine, Shmeisani

Al-Musher Hospital 667227-9 The Islamic, Abdali 665292

Italian, Al-Muhajreen 77101-3 Al-Bashir, J. Ashralich 75111

NIGHT DUTY

Dr. Mahmoud Khalil Imran ... 73172 / 78845

Shmeisani Hospital

University Hospital

Al-Ahli, Abdali

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in the foresceable future. Many of the hazards arising from pesticide usage are the result of inadequate techniques of application. Furthermore, the possibility

continue to play an important part

remains that pesticides are used unnecessarily. According, we can reduce this possibility if the user is informed accurately of the need to apply pesticides and the optimum time at which to do it. To provide this vital information pests must be accurately monitored and the factors which lead to the growth of pest population must be known. The amount of pesticide applied

can be reduced if alternative methods of control are used instead of or alongside chemical control. such as the breeding of crop varieties which are resistant to the disease or the pest, biological control and so on. These take time to develop, and in the meantime there is a definite need for the unification of pesticide laws. licensing, standards and controls.

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION MAIN CHANNEL

.... Cartoons 18:10 18:35 Heidi Documentary 19:00 19:10 Local Programs Programme on Sports News in Arabic ... Arabic Scries Documentary Film Arabic Series ... News in Arabic FOREIGN CHANNEL

French Programme

.... Movie of the Week

News in Hebrew

RADIO JORDAN

855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW 87:10		
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New 07:45 The World Today 60:00 Newsdesk 68:30 Jazz For the Asking 69:60 World News 09:09 24 Hours News Summary 09:38 The Fred Woods Collection 99:45 Network U.K. 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 The Belton Estate 10:30 Arranged for The Belton Estate 10:30 Arranged for the Piago 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 The World Today 11:30 Financial News 11:40 Look Ahead 11:45 Discovery 12:15 Lord Harewood's Musical Musing 12:30 Rock Salad 13:00 World News 13:09 News about Britain 13:15 Letter from London 13:25 Scotland This Week 13:40 Story International 14:50 Radio 13:30 Sports International 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Brahms' Chamber Music 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours News Summary 15:30 Network U.K. 15:45 A Jolly Good Show 16:30 Men and a Girl 17:80 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Outlook 18:80 Pageant of the Past 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Priestland's Progress 18:45 Cricket 19:00 World News 19:00 Meridian 19:49 Scotland This Week 19:45 Sports Round up 20:09 World News 20:09 News about Britain 20:15 Radio Newsreel 20:30 Nature Notebook 20:40 Farming World 21:60 News Summary 21:43 Look Ahead 21:45 The Fred Woods Collection 22:00 World News 22:09 24 Hours News Summary 22:36 Voices to Remember 22:45 Men and a Girl 23:15 Letter from London 23:25 Paperback Choice 23:30 Rock Saind 24:00 World News 00:09 The World Today 88:25 Scotland This Week 88:46 Reflections 88:45 Sports Round eary 01:15 Latin '83 01:30 Meridian

VOICE OF AMERICA

1260, 5965, 7200, 15205, 11725

05:80 Daybreak 97:00 The Breakfas Show 17:00 News Rounding. Reports. opinions, analyses 17:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters 18:00 Special English News 18:10 Special English Science and technology 18:15 Feature: Science in the News 18:36 New Music USA 19:60 News Roundup 19:36 Dateline 20:00 Special English News 20:10 Special English Report 20:15 Special English Feature 20:30 New Music USA 21:00 News Romany: reports, opinion, analyses. 2j.30 VOA Magazine 22:00 Special English; news 22:15 Music USA (Jazz) 22:00 VOA World Report

WHAT'S GOING ON

TODAY'S EVENTS **EXHIBITIONS**

"History of the French Song," at the

Yugoslav paintings, at the Jordan Fine Arts Association. FILMS

""Le Crime de Monsieur Lange," a film by Jean Renoir, at the French Cultural Centre at 8:30 p.m.

""Der Schimmelreiter," at the Goethe Institute at 8:00 p.m. Film in colour, sub-titled in English. **VIDEO**

* CBS Evening News, at the American Centre at 4:00 and 7:00 p.m.

* The YWCA choir invites all interested singers to join them at 7:30 p.m. CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabai Amman, tel. 24590. Church of the Amanacistics (Roman Catholic) Jebel Leweibdeh, 37440. Jabal Hussein, 661757.

Church of the Annuaciation (Greek Onthodos) Abdali, 23541. Anglican Church (Church of the Redcemer) Jabai Amman, 43453. Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafich, en Orthodox Church Ashrafish.

75251. St. Ephraku Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrifish, 71751. Ammon International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249. CULTURAL CENTRES

American Centre	Tel. 4152
British Council	36147-8
French Cultural Centre	37009
Goethe leggitute	
Soviet Cultural Centre	4420
Spanish Cultural Centre	24049
Turkish Cultural Centre	39777
Haya Arts Centre	66519

Hussein Youth City 667181 Y.W.C.A. Y.W.M.A.

MUSEUMS

Folkdore Maneum: Jeweiry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9,00 a.m. · 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760.

Jordan Archaeological Maneum: Has an

Jordan Archaeological Materian: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan Jabai Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a col-lection of paintings, ceramics, and scu-lpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countriesad a rrom most of the Muslim countriesed a collection of peintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Loweibdeh. Opening bours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128.

Military Muneum: Collection of military manuscript.

Miniary Muneums: Collection of miniary memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240. har Life of Jordan Masseum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169. ning hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m.

SERVICE CLUBS Lious America Clab. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Chab. Meeting: every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amazan Marrion Hotel, 1.30 p.m.

Philadelphia Rotary Clab. Meeting every Wednesday at the Holiday lun. Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman, Eighth Circle. Tel. 815261. PRAYER TIMES

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FOR THE TRAVELLER

This information is supplied by Alia inf-

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ARRIVALS

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	Dubzi, Abu Dhabi (RJ)
69:38	Jeddah [RJ]
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99:45	
10:15	
10:35	Dhahran, Riyadh (SV)
11:00	Cairo (EA1
13:35	Kuwait (KAC)
16: 66	Bucharest, Istanbul (RJ)
16:30	Larpaca (RJ)
16:45	Larnaca (RJ)
	New York, Vienna (RJ)
	London, Paris (RJ)
	Madrid, Tripoli (RJ)
	Rome (Alitalia)
	Cairo (RJ)
	Amsterdam, Athens (KLM)
	Copenhagen, Athens (SK)
	Karachi (LI)
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46 LD	Damascus (RJ)
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DEPARTURES: 84:45 Cairo (RJ) 86:49 Damascus, Frankfurt (LH)

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MONEY EXCHANGE

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an (RJ)	Local sellibuy rates	s in Als
ant (RJ)	Belgian franc	75
rut (RJ)	Dutch guilder 132.7/	133.5
dh (SV)	Egyptian guinea 317.5/	323.5
ro (EA)	French franc 51.8/	52.1
(KAC)	Iraqi dinar 564.2/	574.2
bul (RJ)	Italian lire (for 100) 25.5/	25.7
ica (RJ)		151.2
va (RJ1	Japanese yen (for 100) 150.3/	
na (RJ)	Kuwaiti dinar 1216.5	
ris (RJ)	Lebanese lira 89/	89.9
	Omani riyal 1014,7/	
oli (RJ)	Qatari riyal 96.9/	97.7
Alitalia)	Saudi riyal 103/	103.7
ro (RJ)	Swedish crown 47.9/	48.2
(KLM)	Swiss franc 175.9/	177
ns (SK)	Syrian lira 62.1/	62.7
chi (LI)	UAE dirham 96,3/	97
o (EA)	U.K. sterling pound 543.4/	546.7
MEA)	U.S. dollar	356.5
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- 41 15	**. October mark [40,8/	147.7

WEATHER

lulletin supplied by the Department of

It will be partly cloudy, with scattered showers. Winds will be northerly moderate. In Aquba, winds will be northerly

moderate and seas cam.	
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Aqaba	3/25
Deserts	5/17
Jordan Valley	

Yeslerday's high lemperatures: Amman 13, Aqaba 27, Humidity rea-dings: Amman 85 per cent, Aqaba 30

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Traffic police	Faisal taxi
Electric Power Co 36381-2	Rashid taxi
Municipal water service 71125-8	Talal taxi
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MARKET PRICES

White (water sout) 400 / 400	Gartic 450 / 400
Apple (Double Red) 200 / 150 .	Grapefruit 120 / 100
Apple (Golden) 200 / 150	Lemoo (local1
Apple (Turkish) 250 / 200	Marrow (large)
Apple (French) 350 / 300	Marrow (small)
Apple (Starken) 200 / 150	Onion (dry) 140 / 100
Banana 270 / 220	
Banana (Mukammar) 230 / 200	Onion (green) 200 / 160
Beans 500 / 400	Oranges
Beans (broad) 500 / 400	Oranges (Mandarine) 200 / 160
Beets	Oranges (shamouti) 210 / 180
Bomali 280 / 200	(Oranges Hocal) 120 / 100
Cabbage 100 / 70	repper (Sweet) 500 / 400
Carrot	Pepper (Hot Green)
'Cauliflower (white) 60 / 40	Potatoes
Chestnuts 450 / 400	Radish 70 / 50
Coconust 350 / 300	Spinach
Cocumber large 300 / 250	Tomatoes 200 / 150
Cucumber (small) 560 / 500	Turnip 150 : 130
• •	

Connors wins \$250,000 meet

TORONTO (R) — Third seed Jimmy Connors beat Jose Higueras of Spain 6-2, 6-0, S-7, 6-0 Sunday in the final of the \$2S0,000 third annual Tennis Challenge Tournament.

Higueras, who had been resting a sore right knee, was a late replacement in the eight-man exbibition event for number one seed Bjorn Borg.

The Swede, who says be plans to retire from professional tennis in April. dropped out of the event last week after being admitted to bospital in the U.S. with an infected left hand.

It would have been one of the last opportunities for Connors to face Borg, who took the top ranking from the American in the mid-1970s.

Connors also missed the chance of playing the tournament's defending champion, Ivan Lendl of Czechoslovakia, who withdrew on Monday with a sprained right sho-

"Ill find them again, or they will find me," said Connors after collecting his \$100,000 winner's cheque.

"I play all the tnumaments as if they're Wimbledon or the U.S. Open no matter whom I'm facing. He (Higueras) played gond tennis and it was a great match for both

New Zealand's soccer manager quits

AUCKLAND (R) - New Zealand's soccer team manager John Adshead bas quit, the New Zealand Fontball Association (NZFA) said Monday.

NZFA Chairman Charles Dempsey said the resignation would take effect immediately and coach Kevin Fallon would temporarily take over the team for home and away matches against Australia later this month.

No reason was given for Adshead's resignation.

Dempsey said Adshead had asked for his resignation to be effective from September 1--the end

nf his contract. But the NZFA council had decided to make it eff-

ective immediately. Adshead tonk the New Zealanders successfully through 1S qualifying matches to reach the World Cup finals for the first time. They were the last team to qualify when they beat China 2-1 in Sin-

gapore on January 11, 1982. The last time New Zealand played was in the Spain finals in June last year, when they were beaten heavily in the first round by Brazil. the Soviet Union and Scotland.

The NZFA council will meet nn Friday to consider a replacement.

Leroy Haley retains WBC title which separated the two fighters.

CLEVELAND (R) - World Boxing Cnuncil (WBC) light welterweight champion Leroy Haley completed a close but unanimous points win over former title holder and fellow American Saoul Mamby here Sunday.

Haley, who took the crown from Mamby last June, was told by his corner that he had to win the last round to make sure of success--and the mild chorus of boos that greeted the decision underlined the narrow margin power.

Guillermo Vilas defeats Steve Denton

Argentina beat sixth seeded Steve

the 11S-minute match and dropped only 19 points in 15 service games.

508-101134

The judges' cards read: 11S-114, 115-114, 115-113. "I thought I had won but I think

Mamby was justified in thinking that he also had won. It was that close." said Haley.

New Yorker Mamby used his longer reach to fend off his Las Vegas-based opponent, but when the champion did manage to find an opening his punches bad more

RICHMOND, Virginia (R) -Second-seeded Guillermo Vilas of Denton 6-3, 7-5, 6-4 Sunday to win a \$300,000 men's tennis tournament.

Vilas never lost his serve during

The victory was worth \$100,000 to the Argentine, while

his U.S. opponent won \$32,000. "I was serving well at the right moments," said Vilas, "That helped me a lot."

Vilas broke Denton's serve in the seventh and ninth games of the first set-and in the 12th game of the second.

Romanian gymnasts may visit Jordan

By a Staff Reporter

AMMAN -- Contacts are underway between Jordan and Romania on arranging a visit to Amman by the Romanian gymnastics team which participated in the 1980 Olympics in Moscow, the Jordan Times has lea-

The proposed tour of the Romanian Olympic team is being discussed by the Ministry of Culture and Youth and Romanian embassy officials in Amman.

The team is expected to inctude the 1976 and 1980 Olympic champion Nadia Comaneci and other Romanian gymnastics

American Curry bounces back to WBA title victory

FORT WORTH, Texas (R) American Donald Curry hounced back frnm a seventh-round knockdown Sunday night to win the World Boxing Association (WBA) welterweight title in a unanimous, 1S-round decision over South Korean Jun Sok Hwang.

Curry, unbeaten in 16 proessional bouts, pummelled the valiant Hwang with a series of stinging combinations in the last five rounds to claim the title left vacant by Sugar Ray Leonard's retirement.

It was Hwang's first defeat in 22

After the fight ended, Curry. 21, was taken to hospital for X-rays of his right hand to see if he had fractured it in battering the South Korean.

Hwang, also 21, won the crowd's admiration with his courage. He repeatedly planted him-self in a corner of the ring and taunted Curry to come after him. It was these tactics that earned

Hwang his knockdown. He sent Curry to the carvas with a sbort fisted American tried to slug it. out, toe-to-toe with him.

drivers poised to put theory into practice LONDON (R) — World Champion Keke Rosberg of Finland

ctice in the wake of the Formula One revolution. Radical rule changes, made in the interests of safety and agreed after much debate among the myriad factions involved in the multi-million dollar industry, have series at the end of October. prompted a flurry of extra activity

during the short close season. The ban on road-holding serodynamic skirts--a Grand Prix car now shows daylight between the underside of its bodysbell and the ground--left teams with the problems of creating, building and testing entirely new models in time for the start of the 1983 season in Brazil on March 13.

and the drivers who want his title

are poised to put theory into pra-

Temporary make-do modifications were out, but at least the opening race of what could be the most unpredictable series for years was delayed two months so that work could be undertaken without undue stress on designers, engineers and drivers.

Stringent track tests have indicated that the new breed of cars are slower than their predecessors, much to the relief of the sport's governing body, although the difference may prove temporary.

In a recent session at the Rio de Janeiro circuit, venue for the opening round of the championship, Frenchman Alain Prost was about five seconds slower than the pole position time he set for last year's race. Timed unofficially, the Renault driver was also inside Brazilian Nelson Piquet's lap record

The speed of the non-ground effect cars will undoubtedly increase as early design and mechanical problems are solved and drivers become more familiar with the change in handling characteristics.

The fact that the cars tend to slide through corners more teadily than their leech-like forerunners should provide increased entertainment for the crowds, but Only times will tell whether a right uppercut when the quick- hoped-for reduction in serious accidents is achieved.

For once, the pre-season acr-

imony between the constructors year because of their ability to put and governing body has been absin a fast lap.

Peace has reigned since last year's hard-negotiated agreement that racing should start in Brazil, rather than in traditional fashion with the South African Grand Prix early in the new year. The Kyalami race will now conclude the

ent as the season draws closer.

That last argument was prompted by the timing of the new rules. Both sides agreed that cornering speeds should be reduced but disagreed on when the change should be implemented.

A compromise was reached when the international Motor Sport Federation (FISA) conceded that months rather than weeks were needed to build the new models and allowed the 1983 season to start later than usual.

The tranquility could come to an abrupt halt when the teams submit their cars for pre-race scrutineering in Rio.

It will be then that the closelyguarded design secrets come to light under the penetrating gaze of rival teams ready to protest that particular innovations do not adhere to the latest technical rule book. Rio officials will need to be extremely diligent because they host the race at which precedents can be set.

The number of turbocharged cars has increased, with Lotus and Alfa Romeo using them from the start of the season and Ligier and McLaren expected to follow suit

The French Renault team, the first to use turbo power, will supply engines to British rivals Lotus, while Porsche are building one for McLaren. Alfa Romeo have produced their own eight-cylinder unit and Ligier could well have engines manufactured by Renault by mid-season.

Perhaps significantly, Rosberg's Williams team, the most consistent finisher in the last few years, have stuck to the wellproven non-turbo Ford Cosworth engine-at least for the start of the season-along with Tyrrell who have at last found a major sponsor after two years of struggling to remain competitive without one.

In spite of the new regulations it would appear that the status quo between turbo and non-turbo cars will be maintained in practice--Renault grabbed pole position for 10 of the 16 races last

Racing should be rather more evenly balanced, with the turbos shining on the fast tracks and the reliable Cosworth cars dominating twisting street circuits like Monaco and Detroit.

In wake of Formula One revolution--

The usual crop of driver transfers has gone on amid the car building, but several teams are still without a complete line-up because of sponsorship problems-the sport is desperately expensive and many agreements with teams are governed by the personal financial backing of individual drivers.

Rosberg, anxious to become the first driver to retain his crown since Australian Jack Brabham in 1960, will have a new partner in Frenchman Jacques Laffite.

fronically, the champion has only one Grand Prix victory to his credit-be won the Swiss Grand Prix at Dijon last August-while the seasoned Laffite, who bas joined from Ligier, has finished first six times.

American Eddie Cheever, who also campaigned a Ligier last season, has teamed up with Prost at

Renault. He fills the vacancy cre- are agreed. ated by the departure of Rene Arnoux to join fellow Frenchman Patrick Tambay at Ferrari, winners of the 1982 Constructors'

Championship. Ligier are believed to be among the teams who persuaded FISA to extend the deadline for driver nnminations from Jan. 31 to the end of February.

Brabham, also heset by sponsorsbip problems, are likely to retain last season's line-up. namely 1981 champion Piquet and Italian Riccardo Patrese.

Twice champion Niki Lauda nf Austria and Britain's John Watson remain with McLaren and Italian Elio de Angelis and Britnn Nigel Mansell will again drive for Lotus who will be without the considerable influence of mastermind Colin Chapman.

Lauda recently underwent eye second with the badly injured Frenchman Didier Pironi in last with McLaren but says he is prepared to drive for them until terms on July 16.

Ken Tyrrell is among the team bosses looking forward to the season with relish. A welcome cash injection, plus the continued services of highly-rated Italian Michele Alboreto, could put bis team back at the forefront of Formula One.

Alboreto underlined his potential by completing his first Grand Prix victory at the end of last season. That overdue triumph in Las Vegas was Tyrrell's first since the late Patrick Depailler won in Monaco in 1978.

This season's championship show an increase from 16 to 17 races. The New Ynrk Grand Prix bas been added to the list, sandwiched between the Italian and Las Vegas races, on Sept. 25.

The rest of the programme remains unchanged from last year. surgery in Rio but he is reported although the Belgian Grand Prix fully recovered. Watson, joint on May 22 returns to Spa from

Zolder The Belgians' plan to use the year's championship, remains circuits on alternate years, like involved in a financial wrangle Brands Hatch and Silverstone. which bosts the British Grand Prix

W. Germany's Schramm retains European title



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Dortmund (DaD) - Norbert Schramm, 22, a Bundeswehr soldier from Oberstdorf, Federal Republic of Germany, retained his European ice skating crown at the Westfalenhalle, Dortmund, with a freestyle display that earned him nine 5.8s and nine 5.9s (out of 6) from the jury and thunderous applause from an audience of 10,000 at the rink. But his title defence was touch and go; after the first two events he was trailing the young Czech champion. He will next be trying his luck against the fine US and Canadian skaters at the world championships in Helsinki.



Salnikov sets new 800 metres freestyle time

BONN (R) — Vladimir Salnikov of the Soviet Union clipped almost six seconds off the world best time for 800 metres freestyle at a sbort-course swimming international here Sunday night.

The Leningrad-horn Olympic and World Champion clocked seven minutes 38.9 seconds, smashing the previous best 7:44.53 set by American Jeff Kostoff.

Kostoff finished second, over a second inside his previous best

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ECONOMY

NEWS IN BRIEF

Prague, Cairo agree on trade limit

CAIRO (R) — Egypt and Czechoslovakia agreed Sunday on a \$50 million ceiling in trade at the end of five days of talks between Czechoslovak minister of foreign trade Mr. Bohumil Erban and Egyptian officials. Mr. Wagih Shindi, minister of investment and international cooperation said that Egypt would buy timber and farm equipment and use Czechoslovak expertise in implementing a number of industrial projects. Egypt would export cotton, textiles and leather products.

Neste to demand cut in oil price

HELSINKI (R) - Finland's state-owned oil importing company Neste says it will ask Soviet suppliers for a price cut on crude oil deliveries in line with a Soviet reduction to Italy. The company has disclosed it is currently paying between \$31 and \$32 a barrel for Soviet crude, which indicates it is pressing for a cut in the region of \$2. Soviet deliveries of crude last year were priced at roughly \$34.10 a barrel, customs board figures show.

World cereal output rises

ROME (J.T.) - World cereal production in 1982 reached a record 1,544 million tonnes, up by 2 per cent over the 1,515 million tonnes harvested in 1981, the Food Outlook of the Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) of the United Nations said. However, production in developing countries "rose hardly at all" because of smaller rice crops in Asia, and in low-income fooddeficit countries cereal output declined slightly, the monthly report stated. The worst-hit region was Africa where widespread drought caused "a serious deterioration in the food situation in 1982," the report said.

Japanese measures will avert trade war

BRUSSELS (R) - Japanese measures to restrain exports to the European Community of key industrial products will ease relations retween the two trading groups and avert a damaging trade war, senior Community officials said Monday.

The measures were agreed in Tokyo at the weekend after weekong talks with a high-level Community delegation led by the Comnumry's commissioners in charge of external relations and of indistry, Mr. Wilbelm Haferkamp and Mr. Etienne Davignon.

The commissioners told a press conference on their return here donday the talks had set a framework for orderly competition betveen the Common Market and Japan.

Community complaints against Japan under the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) and measures such as France's estrictions on imports of video taperorders would be withdrawn once Community governments have approved the Tokyo deal, they

The Japanese measures, affecting 10 products, were expected to some into force as soon as possible and the Community's council of ninisters was expected to approve the deal at its monthly session

tere next week, they said. The commissioners said it resulted from the first operational agrrment with Japan affecting the whole Common Market after Japan thandoned its previous policy of dealing separately with each of the

O Common Market states.

They added that it created conditions for fair competition in a

narket so far dominated by Japan.

The key product affected is video taperecorders where the Jap-

mese increase their exports to the Community last year by 80 per ent to some 4.5 million sets.

The agreement reserves for European manufacturers a market of a least 1.2 million sets this year when only slight growth was expcted, the commissioners said.

It also stipulates self-imposed moderation in exports to the Comtunity of cars, light trucks, fork-lift trucks, motorcycles, quartz atches and television and hi-fi equipment.

THE BETTER HALF By Harris

"No, you can't have your boss arrested for terrorism."

MBL B THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee hacremble these four Jumbles, XE ORDINARY WORDS. NALBA WEHIN IF YOU SEE FRANKEN **MOHGEA** STEIN'S MONSTER, DRAG ULA AND A WEREWOLF

ALL AT THE SAME TIME, BETTER HOPE IT'S THIS. **EWBIA** Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon.

Tint answer here:

Jumbles: SINGE DICED WINNOW BOLERO Answer: When his girl insisted that he find a job, this is what he decided to look for—A NEW GIRL

OPEC mounts rearguard action to defend oil price

anisation of Petroleum Exporting countries (OPEC) oil exporters are mounting a rearguard action to defend their official oil price. but analysts believe it may be too late to prevent a cut.

In recent days a number of min-isters from OPEC have fought back against the widely held assumption in the oil industry that the \$34 a barrel benchmark price must come down in the near fut-

The most outspoken defence of the benchmark came at the weekend from the two countries most frequently attacked by fellow OPEC members for selling their

oil cheaply -- Iran and Libya. Iranian Oil Minister Mohammad Gharazi said in Tehran a price cut would intensify the prohlems of the oil producers and create more disorder in the world

He called on OPEC to hold a special meeting to confirm the \$34 benchmark.

Mr. Gharazi accused the industrialised countries of using oil stocks huilt up over a period of years in order to exert pressure on producers and force down prices.

The Iranian minister was referring to unusually high consumption of stocks by major refiners, which has depressed prices tomers. on the free spot oil market.

Some industry estimates put the stock "drawdown" at as much as three million barrels a day, or some seven per cent of non-Communist world demand.

The Libyan Oil Minister, Mr. Kamel Hassan Al-Maghour, has meanwhile been visiting the Gulf off that high price," he was quoted to discuss ways of heading off a potential oil price crash. Libya has called for new OPEC talks to try to resolve differences among the 13 member countries on sharing

The official Libyan news agency Jana backed up the initiative with a commentary at the weekend varning that cheaper crude could barm the economies of member

out the dwindling market for their

Jana said a lowering of oil prices was "an imperialist scheme" that would obstruct OPEC dev-

The Iranian and Libyan statements were a clear reaction to signals from Sandi Arabia, OPEC's largest exporter, that it was no longer ready to defend the

Saudi Oil Minister Ahmad Zaki Yamani was quoted last week as saying an oil price cut now appcared inevitable.

Saudi Arabia has been forced to cut back its oil output because of what it regards as unfair competition from other OPEC members, principally Iran and Libya, which it accuses of offerring discounts in order to attract cus-

Sheikh Yamani said in an interview with the Saudi magazine Igra last week that the discounters would be the first to try to defend the \$34 benchmark.

"They want out price to remain

Cockerill-Sambre chief to cut costs by \$115m BRUSSELS (R) - The new president of Belgium's loss-making

steel firm Cockerill-Sambre said Monday he planned to cut costs hy 5.5 hillion francs (\$115 million) over the next three years. This would be done through production cuts and more efficient use

of energy and materials, said Mr. Gerard Delruelle, who took over the company two weeks ago. On Friday the government, which has an 81 per cent share in the

company, cut Cockerill salaries by between five and 15 per cent because workers and management had failed to agree a pact reducing wages from Eeb. 1.... The wage cuts will save \$30 million a year. Mr. Delruelle, Director-General Jacques Van De Steene and

ultant Mr. Jean Gandois told a press conference Monday the unions were unhappy with the pay cut hut seemed willing to negotiate in future. The unions have said they oppose the wage cut and want ass-

urances that the firm will not close. Mr. Gandois said he would submit a report on Cockerill to the

government by the end of March. The government has to report by the end of June to the European Commission, which wants all steel industry subsidies phased out by the end of 1985.

OPEC finance officials meet

VIENNA (R) - Finance ministers from several OPEC member states met here Monday to discuss their aid to developing countries, in the face of dwindling revenues from falling oil prices and OPEC

The ministers, attending the annual ministerial council of the OPEC Fund for International Development, also inaugurated the fund's new headquarters in a former palace on Vienna's Ringstrasse. OPEC ran a combined trade deficit estimated at \$18 hillion in

1982 for the first time in many years as the world oil glut cut

high so they can sell their output at

as saying. But despite Sheikh Yamani's comments on an inevitable price cut, there was an indication from Saudi Arabia at the weekend that it might still fight for the benchmark.

any time they want at a discount

The official Saudi Press Agency quoted what it called a responsible source as saying the kingdom had 'not decided until now with regard to a cut in prices or an increase in output."

lower prices.

The agency said its statement was to correct comments attributed to Sheikb Yamani by Igra magazine hut did not elaborate. The belated support for the

benchmark has not been confined to the radicals, Iran and Libya. Indonesian Mining and Energy Minister Dr. Suhroto said Monday his country would prefer to defend \$34 rather than boost output at

"Now is the tune for all OPEC members to consolidate the organisation because it is important and also because it serves our national interests," Dr. Suhroto told a parliamentary commission.

Oil analysts believe that, despite the recent statements in defence of the \$34 benchmark, OPEC will find it increasingly difficult to defend.

Pressure for a price cut would become even fiercer if a major non-OPEC producer such as Britain decided to how to demands from customers to trim its official

The analysts say the \$34 OPEC price could be maintained only if all members abided by a production-sharing accord that would stabilise output at the level of current demand.

They noted that so far, at meetings at Vienna and Geneva in the past two months, OPEC had failed to come up with a satisfactory

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - Equities were generally easier in quiet and featureless trading, dealers said.

Among leading industrials, ICI was down 2p at 390 after 394 hut Grand Met gained 3p at 359 following increased quarterly sales figures. The F.T. index at 1500 Monday was down 2.5 at

Government bonds, after initial mark-downs of around 1/4 point, attracted moderate huying interest to show gains of as much as 3/8 point in longs, dealers said. Some switching was apparent away from lesser dated issues, where prices are being held hack ahead of the new bond on Thursday, into longer dated stocks, they

to lower bank profits, with Natwest down 5p at 513 and Barclays off 3p at 430. Gold shares were quietly lower with falls stretching In oils, B.P. fell 6p at 318 and Shell shed 2p at 438, while

Banks were easier on reports that bad debt provisions will lead

profit-taking pared early gains in electricals with GEC down 4p at 212 after 218 and Plessey unchanged on halance at 597. Builders were mostly firm with Barratts up 4p at 492, while in

newspapers, Fleet Holdings gave up 3p at 55½ hut International Thomson was up 5p at 458 after 461 on the acquisition of financial media interests

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the huying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Monday.

ne sterling	1.5357/67
ne U.S. dollar	1.2255/58
	2.4198/420g
	2.6730/50
	2.0155/70
	47.60/65
	7.8550/8600
•	1392.50/1393.50
	235,90/236.10

7.4290/4340 7.0760/0g10 g.5425/5525 One ounce of gold 499.75/500.75

Canadian dollars West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen

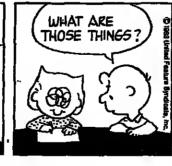
Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns

Danish crowns U.S. dollars

Peanuts









Mutt 'n' Jeff









Andy Capp









FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, FEB. 15, 1983

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A day to display your creative skills and gain a feeling of achievement. Do whatever tasks that will enable you to attain those goals that are important to you in the future.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Make arrangementa with congenials for amusements you desire with them. Strive for a more succesaful lifa.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) A new project that looms large on the horizon today is the right one for you. You can now make a good impression on others.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Find the right sources where you can obtain the information you need to become more successful in career matters.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) A time to show others that you are capable of adding to your present abundance. Ba more practical.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Being more positive-minded now can help you gain the objectives that are uppermost

on your mind. Express happiness. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) You can now make plans that will bring excellent results in the future. Show that

you are an artistic person. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) According to your planetary aspects you can now easily gain a most cherisbed aim. Handle your monay wisely.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Analyze your regular routines and be sure you are realizing your finest potential. Express your finest talents to higher-ups.

SAGITTAR1US (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) An associate may try to get you to do something you don't approve of, so be tactful and rely on your better judgment. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Study your monetary

matters more diligently and you will know how to improve on them. Try to please loved one. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) If you cooperate more

with associates you will have more rapport and success in the future. Strive for happiness. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) You can easily handle a difficult task today. Take no chances where your health is

concerned. Guard your reputation. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will need much encouragement in order to do best work. There is great imagination in this chart. Education abould be directed toward governmental work. Give good religious

training early in life. "The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life ia largely up to yon!

THE Daily Crossword by Louis Sabin

53 Annual 16 Yellow 55 To shelter cheese 17 Store 56 Goes for occasion 20 Chat flier 58 Hollow stem 35 Abner's pal 36 Rue — Paix tarial task 22 Clinging 38 Use a besom 40 I.Q. man type 23 Salute to Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

24 French

27 Ple fruit

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ACROSS

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10 Snooze

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2 Wine: pref. 3 Colonial name 4 Navy issue

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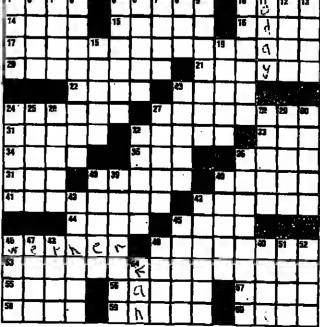
45 Bug-eyed one 46 Certain girder 47 Shade of green 48 Indian

49 Little one 50 Fatigue 51 Descartes

52 Belgian

28 Peace

10 Wise man



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WORLD

Violence in Assam as polls begin

GAUHATI, India (R) — New fighting broke out Monday in India's northeastern state of Assam as voting began in local elections after two weeks of violence in which more than 90 peo-

As least one Assamese was killed in the fresb violence. Assamese militants opposed to the elections tried to stop people voting and picketed beavily-guarded polling stations.

A government spokesman said the latest death occurred when militant locals opposed to the polls fought Bengali immigrants in the northern tea-growing district of . Dibrugarh.

Fighting and arson were also reported in the central district of

South African

JOHANNESBURG (R) - A

coloured (mixed race) Labour

Party leader told cheering sup-

porters Sunday night the party was

forming what he called a military

wing to deal with opponents who

disrupted meetings. Transvaal Party leader Jac

Rabie made the announcement

after police had ejected hecklers

and later used tear gas to keep

chanting demonstrators at hay

outside a township hall near here.

week-long campaign by Labour

Party leader the Rev. Allan Hen-

drickse to explain his party's con-

troversial decision to take part in

the new three-chamber par-

liament planned by the ruling Nat-

ional Party government. Whites,

coloureds and Asians would be

represented, but not South Afr-

eral of the Labour meetings. Military wing to deal with them" Ithe

demonstrators). He did not ela-

At Verulam, near Durban, the

Indian Reform Party passed a res-

Violence has broken out at sev-

ica's black majority.

The meeting was the last in a

Labour Party

takes steps

for defence

the removal of the immigrants from electoral rolls and the state and have called for a boycott of the polls. The immigrants are mainly Muslims from Bangladesh.

Officials said voting was heavy Monday in immigrant areas but moderate in the Assamesedominated central districts. The elections were called to

12 members for the national parliament in New Delhi. Many people appeared to have stayed away from the polls out of fear after militant students moved into the countryside and bar-

choose a new state legislature and

ricaded polling booths. "Most people have shut themselves inside their bomes or gone away out of fear," said a

Militant groups have demanded 45-year-old Assamese farmer. He five parties. Voting will also take said nobody in his village of 300 families outside Gauhati had voted.

> The village is close to Jagiroad, in Nowgong district, where four people were killed in fighting Sunday. Many villages along the road from bere to Nowgong were deserted Monday.

> In Jagiroad, Muslim immigrant Basheer Ahmad said he wanted to vote but had not done so. "Who will protect me after the election is over and the police bave left?" he

Thousands of armed police were on duty for the elections in which Prime Minister Indira Gandhi's Congress (1) Party was challenged by a Communist-ction dominated left-wing coalition of them.

place on Thursday and Sunday. India'smain non-Communist opposition parties are boycotting;

The leader of one of the opposition groups, the Bbaratiya Janata Party, said in New Delhi Monday that the consequences of what be called elections at gunpoint were likely to be calamitous.

In Gauhati, the Assam Tribune newspaper also said the government was conducting "in effect a gunpoint poll".

Many polling booths have been set up along highways because mil-itants have isolated villages in the interior by blocking roads or burning wooden bridges to stop election officials and police entering

choked to death on the stars, in corridors and in toilets as clouds of black smoke poured from the cinema's plastic furnishings. Cinema manager Raimondo

the fire remains unclear."

64 die in

Turin fire

TURIN (R) -Grief-stricken par-

ents. relatives and friends were

still trying Monday identify the

last of 64 people who died when

fire swept through a central Turin

cinema Sunday night.
Police said 51 bodies bad been

formally identified by this mor-

ning and the documents of ano-

ther five bad been recovered from

the charred interior of the Statuto

cinema. But more than 12 hours

after the tragedy the names of

eight victims remained unknown.

But we still have no idea bow

many people were injured," a pol-

ice spokesman said. "The cause of

Many of the 64 who died were

'We bave found no more dead.

Capello was arrested Sunday night on charges on manslaughter and negligence. Police said a first inspection suggested emergency exits from the upper gallery might have been blocked.

Police kill 1 student in Dacca demo

DACCA (R) - One student died and at least 87 people were injured in fierce clasbes Monday between police and students protesting against military rule in Bangladesh.

Police first used water cannon and teargas and then opened fire to disperse several thousand students who hurled bricks and stones at them.

The student died at the Dacca

Medical College Hospital from bullet wounds, hospital sources Fifty policeman were being tre-

ated for injuries as well as 37 other people, nearly all students, the sources said, The students bad planned a sit-down protest in front of the

secretariat against the continuation of martial law and the education policy which makes Bengali, English, and Arabic compulsory subjects in primary

Harare rejects spy deal

Hinckley attempts suicide

pital spokesman said: "He is sta- he complained of persistent hea-

Bomb explosion destroys

big fuel depot in Maseru

HARARE(R) — The Zimbabwe government Monday ruled out any deal with a foreign country for the release of two former special agents detained last month soon erson Munangagwa. after they were cleared by the high court of spying charges.

Government spokesman Justin Nyoka said: "These men are Zimbawean citizens. We cannot exchange our citizens with a foreign country.'

He was responding to questions by Reuters about a stepped-up government campaign to prove that Philip Hartlebury, 30, a dual Britisb-Zimbabwean national, and Colin Evans, 27, a Zimbabwean, bad admitted spying for South Africa.

The government said last week it had rejected three offers by the South African government to exchange the two men for one Soviet spy and 115 Angolan prisoners.

The Sunday Mail newspaper and the national news agency Ziana Sunday carried accounts of

WASHINGTON (R) — John Hinckley Jr, the man who shot and wounded President Reagan, has

made another attempt to kill him-

self but is expected to recover, a

government spokesman said Sun-

Hinckley, 27, who was ma men-tal bospital, swallowed an uni-

dentified substance Sunday and

Officials declined to give details

ble and we believe he will be all daches.

and it was not known what Hin-

ckley bad swallowed. But a hos-

MASERU, Lesotho (R) - A

bomb blast rocked Maseru late

Sunday night, destroying one of

three main fuel depots in the Les-

otho capital and eausing a grant

Radio Lesotho said many peo-

ple fled the area after the blast and

it took firemen several bours to

One of six large bowsers used at

the fuel depot was buried 100

metres into a new steel products

bring the blaze under control.

blaze, police said.

Argentine president to be issued

was rushed to another hospital.

day night.

confessions by Mr. Hartlebury and Mr. Evans released by Minister of State for Security Emm-

The two men allegedly admitted in the confessions that they had been recruited by South African intelligence in 1980.

The confessions were rejected by the high court on the grounds that they had been made under duress and on the basis of promises of freedom.

The two men allegedly said they had been detailed to gather information about Zimbabwe's secret service, the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA), for which they worked, the army and the police.

Mr. Munangagwa said in his statement to parliament that Mr. Hartlebury and Mr. Evans had been found with weapons used in an attack in 1980 on the bome of Kumbirai Kangai, now minister of labour and social services.

At the trial Hinckley's lawyers

said he bad tried to assassinate Mr.

Reagan to impress actress Jodie

Foster, with whom he had an obs-

ession. Before the shooting be had

considered suicide as another way

to attract the attention of the tee-

tried to hang himslef with his jac-

ket in his cell. In May 1981 be

took an overdose of Tylenol, an

aspirin substitute prescribed for

him by government doctors after

The government radio blamed the explosion on the Lesotho Lib-

eration Army (LLA), military

wing of the opposition Basntoland

Earlier this month, five exp-

Radio Lesotho said several veh-

losions damaged a water pumping

station outside Maseru in another

African side of the Caledon River.

which forms the border, opposite

incident blamed on the LLA.

Congress Party.

While awaiting trial, Hinckley

nage film star.

Dutch, UAE ministers meet

ABU DHABI (R) - Dutch Foreign Minister Hans Van der Broek and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Rashid Abdullah Monday discussed the situation in the Middle East and the Gulf. The official Emirates news agency said they also reviewed economic relations between the Netherlands and the UAE.

NEWS

BRIEF

WFP to aid

refugees in Syria

DAMASCUS (Agencies) -

About half of an estimated 14,000

Palestinian refugees from Leb-

anon, who have been in Syria since

June 1982, are not covered by ass-

Relief and Works Agency for Pal-

estinian refugees (UNRWA).

according to a report by the World

Food Programme (WFP). It

added that the WFP will supply

340 tonnes of food for 7,000 ref-

ugees up to 90 days, at a cost of \$142,700.

istance from the United Nations

Polish police stop peaceful march

WARSAW (R) -- Polish riot police broke up a peaceful march Sunday by supporters of the outlawed Solidarity trade union to mark the 14th month since a military crackdown began, witnesses said. The demonstration started wben worsbippers at a Roman Catholic mass to mark the occasion left a church and set off for a floral cross which has been a symbol of resistance, the witnesses

Frozen door excuse for being late

icles bad been seen on the South TOKYO (R) — Commuters late for work Monday had a novel exeuse -- the doors on their train were frozen shut when they arrived at Tokyo's Ueno station. A cold snap hit Japan Monday and in the northern island of Hokkaido 17.3 degrees Centigrade (Zero

Infant survives 7-storey fall

JERSEY CITY. New Jersey (R) - An infant plunged seven floors after crawling out of an apartment window, but was saved by a snowdrift, police said Sunday, Neighbours who saw 20-month-old Elijah Walker fall, wrapped him in a blanket and rushed him to hospital. He suffered no injuries. One doctor called the incident a "miracle". He said the freshly-falen snow from blizzards which nketed the U.S. East Coast activity like a cushion.

Hansard ignores minister's death

LONDON (R) — A eovernment minister died while addressing the House of Commons but the event has been ignored by Hansard, the official record of Parliament. Mr. Michael Roberts, under-secretary for Wales, collapsed in midsentence and died while speaking for the government in a long dehatc last week. In Hansard, the only clue is in the abrupt end to his speech: "If he does not wish to: give that explanation, perhaps the bon, gentleman...." Hansard, the verbatim journal, adds ! j onically: 9.44 p.m. Sitting sal pended." Parliamentary ha torians say there is an unwritte rule that it is not formally adr. itted that anyone has died with the palace of Westminster when ! both houses of Parliament meet. apparently because any inquest jury would have to be made up of residents in London's royal pal-

Jerry Lewis weds ex-ballet dancer

MIAMI (R) - Film star Jerry Lewis has married former ballet dancer Sandra Pitnick. 32. his companion since 1979. It was the 56-year-old comedian's second marriage. He married former singer Patti Palmer when he was 18 and the marriage lasted until 1980 when she was given a divorce and \$400,000 a year. The couple had \$ -six sons.

Colombian cocaine queen under arrest

BOGOTA (R) — Colombia's 'cocaine queen' Veronica Rivera de Yargas, one of the world's most wanted drug-dealers, was asleep with a pistol in her hand when she was arrested after years on the

run, police sources said Monday. They said that 45-year-old Rivera de Vargas, whose capture was announced on Saturday, had fought her way through gang wars from small-time smuggling to undisputed control of Colombia's lucrative drug traffic.

She extended her empire into other Latin American countries and was also wanted in the United States and Europe.

The arrest of Rivera de Vargas and 12 members of her gang was announced by Colombia's secret police chief, Col. Yacin Yanine Diaz. He said they were found at a

remote farm in southeast Colomhia where she had set up a modern laboratory from which she dispatched processed drugs directly to Europe and the United

Police sources said the career of the "cocaine queen" started in a small shop in Bogota where she dealt in smuggled goods.

The underworld war left 20 people dead -- among them her lover Julio Cesar Vargas Torres. He was riddled with bullets along with bis bodyguards when rivals stormed a Bogota bar. The sources said the Rivera de Vargas gang avenged his death by killing several henchmen of her mam rival, who pulled out for the United States. Rivera de Vargas was left in control and became Colombia's most wanted criminal. She was detained in 1977 by the

ahroad on a forged passport. But she was released for reasons which have not been explained. Colombian police caught up with her again in 1981 as she was boarding a plane with 55 kilos of

cocaine in suitcases, the sources

said. Yet again she managed to Rivera de Vargas and the other 12 were brought to Bogota under heavy police escort, and Col. Yanine Diaz said more arrests were

expected.

LONDON (R) - The British government has secretly started buying key metals and minerals to market." create a strategic stockpile, the The idea of creating a stockpile Financial Times newspaper said.

The business daily, quoting trade sources in London, said several South African companies had been approached with orders for chrome, manganese and other materials vital to industry or used in the manufacture of arms.

It said the initial orders were thought to be worth between £5 and 10 million (\$7.7 and 15.4 mil-

In a front page story, the new-spaper said: "The secrecy surrounding the buying programme. -- thought to be nearly complete

pushed up by the knowledge that the British government was in the

of vital raw materials has been debated in Britain for some time. The Financial Times said it was believed that last year's Falklands War with Argentina persuaded the government to go ahead with the idea instead of waiting for the

European Community to develop

a common policy.

A spokesman for the department of Industry told Reuters that he could not confirm or deny the Financial Times report. But be added: 'The government has' been considering a strategic stockpile for some considerable

but the difficulty had been how to finance such a scheme.

Prices of most metals and minerals have been low for some years because of depressed demand, but tbey have started rising slightly on hopes of an economic recovery. The Financial Times said the

government was using a Frenchowned company, Brandels Instel, to coordinate the buying pro-

long been conscious that Britain is highly dependent for some raw materials on countries which have a near-monopoly or are politically

Queen Elizabeth starts 4-week tour in Jamaica,

KINGSTON, Jamaica (R) — Bri-tain's Queen Elizabeth arrived in from her last Caribbean tour in Jamaica Sunday at the start of a four-week tour which will take her on to the Cayman Islands. Mexico and California, where she will spend a weekend at President Reagan's ranch near Santa Bar-

The queen, accompanied by the Duke of Edinburgh, stepped from her Royal Air Force (RAF) VC-10 aircraft on a grey, blustery afternoon, to be greeted by Jamaica's governor-general, Florizel Glasspole, and Prime Minister Edward Seaga.

Her three-day stay in Jamaica coincides with the 21st anniversary of the country's independence from Britain. Although this is the fourth time

the queen has visited the island.

from her last Caribbean tour in 1977 -- her jubilee year - because of British dissatisfaction with the neo-Marxist and openly pro-Republican sentiments of then-Prime Minister Michael Manley.

Mr. Manley's People's National Party (PNP) was swept from power in 1980 hy Mr. Seaga's Jamaica Labour Party. As prime minister. Mr. Seaga has reversed the country's course, determinedly pursuing pro-business and pro-Western policies.

While both major parties are committed to constitutional reform which may eventually make the island nation a republic, discussions have been given a lower priority since the changing of the political guard, political sources

entina's military junta is expected to issue President Reynaldo Bigrunning the country, political sou-

The sources said fresh instructions on how to handle economic policy and Argentma's planned trasition to democracy would be given Monday after a meeting of the commandersin-chief of the army, air force and

should deal with civilian political

But the junta announced that it

government policy and immediately ordered a crackdown on

The military commanders threatened libel action against radical party leader Victor Martinez, who had accused the armed forces of pillaging the country, and warned that similar proceedings might be tics of military rule.

Argentino, which has close links crisis since last Thursday, when with the army, said the junta was the junta met amid widespread also drafting a new law to curb reports that it was about to sack press criticism of the government The new hardline stance of the

junta appears to be a reaction to grumblings within the armed foremment.

anding action to restore the armed had reached "unportant con- forces' prestige in the face of pub-

A similar feeling is also reported to be running high in the air force, which has demanded the investigation of corruption cha-

and incompetence.

lic allegations that military rule

has been marked by corruption

rges levelled against several senior military officers and an enquiry into the origin of Argentina's \$39 billion external debt. The usually well-informed

Buenos Aires daily Clarin said the junta had decided to fix a firm timetable for elections and a return to democracy, taking this task out of President Bignone's hands.

The president had earlier offered to work out transition arrangements for a return to democracy in consultation with the political parties. He is due to begin a new round of talks with political leaders next Thursday.

Clarin said the junta had decided elections should be held between Oct. 30 and Nov. 6, with a handover of power in Feb. 1984.

W. Pacific islanders object to Japan's nuclear dumping

By James Fnley

GUAM — The small island states of the Western Pacific are joining forces to oppose a plan by Japan to dump its mounting nuclear waste in the Pacific.

"We islanders cannot accept the risk of a potential nuclear dumping incident, no matter how minierrez of Guam told a recent regional conference. But Japan prevented the

Asian-Pacific parliamentary union conference from approving a resolution opposing the concept of disposing of nuclear waste in the Pacific. The Japanese delegation was

able to stop the resolution as the group works on the principle of unanimity, which, in effect, means that each member has a veto. Sen. Gutierrez. speaker of the Guam legislature, told the 21nation conference that countries

wishing to dispose of spent nuclear fuel and other waste should do so stored in various sites in Japan. without affecting "the innocent.

Four island groups

the four Western Pacific island groups -- The Marshalls, the federated states of Micronesia, The Palaus and The Northern Marianas -- make up the U.S.ute the possibility." Sen. Carl Gut- administered United Nations str-

> All four island groups, and especially The Marshalls where 66 nuclear tests were carried out at Bikini and Einewetok atolls between 1946-58; are opposed to

> Japan has refrained from carrying out its dumping plans because of the reaction in the Pacific Islands and fears among Japanese fishermen, but the storage pro-

> stations have produced nearly 500,000 drums, each holding 200 litres of waste, which have to be Japan is expanding its atomic

non-involved people of the Pacific energy programme to reduce dependence on imported oil and exp-Japan wants to drop waste with ects to have 1.8 million barrels of low levels of radioactivity on the waste to dispose of by the year Pacific seabed some 1000 kil- 2000.

The plan is to dump up to 10,000 drums into the Pacific north of the Marianas and monitor the results for three years.

say the Japanese, who point out and the Atlantic.

The islanders are, however, not impressed and plan to do everything possible to stop the Jap-Michael Berman, legal counsel

that the island group was totally opposed to dumping. The federated states are uni-

dumping, safeguards or no safeguards," he said in an interview in Kolonia on Ponape Island, the group's capital. Anton Debrum, foreign secretary of The Marshall Islands

government, said: "Those who create nuclear waste must dispose of that in a fashion which does not endanger their neighbours." Perhaps only Japan itself, the have been totally obliterated and nuclear wastes.

lear attack, is more sensitive to nuclear issues than the peoples of the Western Pacific. The main Japanese worry is what would happen if radiation from the dumped waste seeped out and hit marine life, a key economic factor.

Old testing ground

The strong feelings in the region about environmental pollution and possible health hazards are strengthened by the fact that the Pacific was used for nuclear testing by The United States, Britain and France.

Pacific islanders feel they have been victimised by the nuclear powers because of their remoteness, their small populations and the fact they are dependent These attitudes have an impact

on negotiations between the island groups and the United States on limited independence. The Marshall islanders are par-

ticularly vehement in their criticism of the United States for testing atomic and bydrogen bombs on their atolls.

"People have been injured. lands and waters have been irreparably contaminated, lands

nuclear wastes are being stored in tombs of questionable security." said Mr. Debrum.

for any future illnesses associated with radiation exposure. One idea under discussion in

This would give Japan a place to dump its waste in return for payments to the Marshalls government, which in turn would make it less dependent on the United States either under a continuation of the trusteeship or as a semi-independent country.

Korea, Taiwan and The Philippines, as well as other Asian and Pacific countries turn to, or increase their dependence on, nuclear power and produce waste

which would need disposal. Guam officials here said the United States and Japan were

the signatories of a 1971 London convention on the dumping of

olution at its national conference Sunday night rejecting the govcrnment's constitutional pro-It said the party did not want this rejection to be seen as a boycott, as it believed there should be negotiations with the government for a better political deal for all

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN

© 1982 Tribune Company Syndicate, inc. Q.1 - East-West vulnerable. as South you hold: ◆10762 ♥8 ♦986 **◆KQJ73** The hidding has proceeded: North East Snuth

1 • Dble ? · What action do you take? A. - Ideally you would like to tell partner that you have a distributional hand with excellent support for his suit, but virtually nothing on the side. You can do just that by jumping to three clubs - that is a preemptive action over a takeout double. Armed with this knowledge, partner may decide to sacrifice against an opposing game, in which caae you will present him with a

very suitable dummy. Q.2-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: **◆KQ10973 ™A8 ◇KQJ2 ◆7** Partner opens the bidding with one no trump. What do

you respond? A. - Slam depends only on how many aces partner holds, so jump to four' elubs-the Gerber Convention. A jump to four no trump would be quantitative, not ace asking. If partner shows three aces, check for kings with five clubs, and bid a grand slam if he has a king as

Q.3-As South, vulnerable, you hold:

♦AQJ1074 ♥72 ♦ **A8 ♣Q93** The bidding has proceeded: North East South Weat 1 NT Pass 3 + Pass 4 Pass 4 0 Pass 4 Pass ? What action do you take?

A.-By hidding four clubs over your jump, partner showed slam interest. However, his failure to cuehid four hearts means that be does not have the ace of that suit, and you could easily

have two losers there. Check

on it by bidding five spades.

If partner bas the king of hearts, be can contract for a small slam-probably in no trump, to protect his king

from a lead through. Q.4-As South, vulnerable, you hold:

♦AQJ5 ♥J1063 ♦7 **♦AKQ9**

The bidding has proceeded: North East South 1 9 5 0 What do you bid now? A .- East's preempt has accomplished its purpose-you are now in a high-level guessing game. We would give up on a grand slam and hope that partner doesn't have too many values in diamonds, in

six hearts acems about right. Q.5 - Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: **♦KJ93** ♥J ♦QJ105 **♣AQ98** The bidding has proceeded: Weat North East South 1 ◊ 2 ♥ * 3 ♠ ?

which case even the small

slam might be too high. But

preemptive What action do you take? A. - This is an unfinished auction - East's bid is forcing. So don't double now, even though you can probably inflict a fairly substantial penalty on your opponents. You may get a chance to double them at an even higher level.

Q.6 - As Snuth, vulnerable, you hold: **♦AK83** ♥A76 ♦A965 **♦**93 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East 1 Pasa 1 NT Pass

What action do you take? A .- While you have a good 15 points, bear in mind that partner's maximum is 10. Even if be doea have an absolute maximum, game will be no bargain since you have no long suit to develop. And sbould you find partner with a minimum hand, 6-7 points. even two no trump could he in jeopardy. Pasa.

ometres southeast of Tokyo.

Guam is an unincorporated territory of the United States, while

ategic trust territory of the Pacific. dumping by any country.

blem is becoming acute. The country's 24 nuclear power

Full-scale dumping

Full-scale dumping would begin if the tests were found to be safe, that other countries, including the United States, have dumped nuclear waste into both the Pacific

to the congress of the federated states of Micronesia, told Reuters

laterally opposed to any nuclear

only country ever subject to nuc-The Marshalls are still seeking

compensation for the tests and for Washington to remain responsible

the islands is for the atomic waste to be stored on Bikini atoll.

Business would grow for the Marsball islanders as South

المارة المارة

secret police as sbe tried to travel Eight years ago, they said, she decided to quit the ordinary smu-

ggling business and rapidly became the head of a gang fighting for control of the Colombian drug

'Britain is creating strategic stockpile' He said industrialists bad been pressing the government to act.

Officials and industrialists have

strict guidelines by junta members BUENOS AIRES (R) — Arg. clusions' concerning wide areas of none with strict new guidelines for criticism of the armed forces by

rces said.

Argentina has been in a political President Bignone because of a and armed forces. split over how the government

President Bignone .subsequently denied that he had presented his resignation or that there was any rift between himself and the armed forces commander.

politicians and the press.

taken against other outspoken cri-The Buenos Aires daily Tiempo

ces about the military gov-According to diplomatic and pobtical sources, many colonels and generals in the army are dem-

considering the feasibility of temporarily storing spent nuclear fuel on a Pacific island. They will eventually report to